EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by: El Paso County Colorado School District 49 – Finance Department

Ron Sprinz – Director of Finance

Heather Diaz – Accounting Manager

10850 East Woodmen Road

Peyton, Colorado 80831

www.d49.org

El Paso County Colorado School District 49 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

Introductory Section

The Best Choice to Learn, Work, and Lead





Our Operated Schools

Falcon Zone



Falcon Elementary



Meridian Ranch Elementary



Woodmen Hills Elementary



Bennett Ranch Elem



Falcon Middle



Falcon High School

Sand Creek Zone



Evans International Elementary



Remington Elementary



Springs Ranch Elementary



Stetson Elementary



Horizon Middle



Sand Creek High School

POWER Zone



Ridgeview Elementary



Odyssey Elementary



ALLIES Elementary



Inspiration View Elem



Skyview Middle



Vista Ridge High School

*î*Connect Zone



Patriot High School



Springs Studio for Academic Excellence



Falcon Home School



Pikes Peak Early College

Our Charter Schools



Banning Lewis Academy



Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning



GOAL Academy High School



Rocky Mountain Classical Academy



Grand Peak Academy



Power Technical Early College



Liberty Tree Academy



Mountain View Academy



Pioneer Technology & Arts Academy

Our Cultural Compass



The heart of the compass rose guides our actions in how we relate to and treat each other.

Respect – We respect others for their abilities, qualities and achievements

Trust – We promote trust in our relationships through honest and open communication

Care— We provide a safe and caring environment for students and staff

Responsibility – We hold ourselves accountable for our actions

The outer face of the compass rose guides us in how we treat our work.

Learning – We model continuous learning to encourage life-long learners

Purpose – We ensure all decisions align with the 'Five Big Rocks'

Innovation – We encourage risk taking by supporting creative exploration of new ideas and strategies

Teamwork – We embrace working together to achieve effective results for our students and community

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Table of Contents	1
Letter of Transmittal	iv
Principal Officials	ix
Organizational Chart	χ
Certificate of Excellence, Association of School Business Officials	XI
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances—Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	1.0
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Net Position—Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	19
Net Position—Proprietary Fund	20
Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Fund	21
Component Unit Combining Statements:	
Combining Statement of Net Position – Component Units	22
Combining Statement of Activities – Component Units	23
Notes to Financial Statements	24
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	61
Schedule of the Employer's Payroll Contributions – Pension	62
Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	63
Schedule of the Employer's Payroll Contributions – OPEB	64

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)

Required Supplementary	Information ((Continued):
------------------------	---------------	--------------

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget	65
and Actual – Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund	66
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Non-major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	67
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	68
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual Food Service Fund	69
Other Special Revenue Fund	70
Pupil Activity Fund	71
Transportation Fund	72
Kids Corner Fund	73
Other Activities Fund	74
Certificate of Participation Debt Service Fund	75
Capital Reserve Fund	76
Capital Projects Mill Levy Fund	77
Proprietary Funds:	
Internal Service Fund—Risk Management Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Budget and Actual	78
-	

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	79
Changes in Net Position	80
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	81
Revenue Capacity	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	83
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	84
Principal Property Taxpayers	85
Property Tax Levies and Collections	86
Debt Capacity	
Legal Debt Margin	87
Ratio of General Bonded Debt	88
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures	89
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	90
Estimation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	91
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	92
Principal Employers for the Pikes Peak Region	93
Operating Information	
Full Time Equivalent Employees by Functional Program	94
School Building Capacity and Population	95
Capital Assets by Function/Program	98
Operating Statistics	99
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Single Audit	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	100
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	101
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and	
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	102
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control	
over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	104
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	107
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	109
State Compliance	
Independent Auditors' Report on Colorado School District/BOCES Auditors'	
Integrity Report	110
Colorado School District/BOCES Auditor's Integrity Report	111



To the Citizens and Board of Education of School District 49:

Colorado State Law requires that school districts publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year or eight months with an approved extension, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. In accordance with this requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of School District 49 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information to prepare financial statements. However, the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. Accordingly, the District's designed our comprehensive framework of internal controls to provide, reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

The District's financial statements have been audited by <u>Hoelting & Company, Inc.</u>, a firm of licensed certified public accountants based in Colorado Springs. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. We present the independent auditor's report as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In addition to the annual independent audit of the financial statements, the District must undergo a "Single Audit" due to the amount of federal funds received. This audit meets the needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis involving the administration of federal awards. The results of the District's single audit for the period ending June 30, 2023 provided no instances of material weakness in internal controls over compliance or material violations of applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants. This report is found in the compliance section of this document.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements, in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) report. This transmittal letter will complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report.

PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

El Paso County Colorado School District 49 was organized in 1888 and spans 133 square miles of urban and rural areas in eastern El Paso County, Colorado. Approximately 19% of the District is within the boundary of Colorado Springs and the remaining 81% is located in an unincorporated area of El Paso County historically known as Falcon, Colorado. The District is the 2nd largest district in El Paso County and the 11th largest in Colorado. The District has a resident population of 105,077 based on the latest population growth data collected.

The District operates twelve elementary schools, three middle schools, and three high schools, in its operated school portfolio; nine chartered schools (seven K-8's and two high schools), two online programs, one alternative school program, one home school program, and three student support facilities. These schools service more than



23,000 students. They provide a full range of programs and services authorized by Colorado statute. This includes: pre-kindergarten, elementary and secondary curriculum at the general, college preparatory and vocational levels. The District also provides the chance for high school students to participate in dual enrollment where students take college classes and receive college credit during the high school years.

The District charter schools' financial positions are included in these financials as component units. The charter schools are: Banning Lewis Ranch Academy, GOAL Academy, Grand Peak Academy, Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning, Rocky Mountain Classical Academy, Power Technical School, Liberty Tree Academy, Mountain View Academy and Pioneer Technology & Arts Academy. The District 49 Board of Education authorizes each charter school, according to the laws of the State of Colorado, to provide education alternatives for students and parents. These schools have separate governing boards but derive their funding through District 49 and the State of Colorado with local property tax funds and state equalization revenue. The District provides some support services to the charter schools. Parent Teacher Organizations, as well as Extracurricular and Co-Curricular Booster Groups do not meet the criteria for component units and therefore are excluded from this report.

The District is governed by a five-member Board of Education (the Board). Board members are elected to staggered, four year, terms by registered voters of the District - unless filling a seat vacated mid-term, which may occasionally result in a two-year term. As of 2015, the District is divided into five representative areas and board members must live in the area they represent. All Board members are limited to two terms according to Colorado Law. Biennial school district elections are held in November of odd-numbered years. The Board elects its officers following each election and whenever mid-term vacancies necessitate a new election of one or more officer positions. The Board is a policy making body whose primary functions are to establish policies for the District, provide for the general operation and personnel of the District and oversee the property, facilities and financial affairs of the District. Members of the Board serve without receiving compensation.

For the 2022/2023 school year the Board employed a Superintendent to manage day-to-day operations of the District. This traditional Superintendent model where a single executive is responsible for overseeing the District's academic, financial and operation activities replaces a prior organizational structure where academics, finance and operations had separate officers where each chief officer reported to the Board of Education. This traditional Superintendent model positions the District to be "The Best Choice to Learn, Work and Lead".

The District Budget Process

The District uses a decentralized SBFM (Student-based financial management) process for both reporting actual results and preparing budgets. The District distributes approximately 80% of the total expense budget directly to our schools where Zone Leaders and Building Principals have direct control over how money is best spent for their individual location. Working with the Business Office, these schools develop staffing models (Personnel Spend) and programmatic models (Implementation Spend) based on anticipated revenue driven by projected student count numbers. After the actual count of students is completed each October, the budgets are amended and approved, and the process starts again to develop proposed budgets for the upcoming school year.

Budgets are prepared annually for all funds of the District. The Board of Education is required to adopt a budget for the fiscal year prior to the July 1 start of the fiscal year and is allowed to amend that budget any time prior to January 31 of the same fiscal year. Supplemental Budgets may be adopted after January 31 for any fund, if the supplemental change is related to new spends driven by the presence of new, non-tax, revenue in that fund.

The table on the next page outlines the schools, age and enrollment in full-time equivalents (FTE) as of the official count date in October 2023 and the estimated FTE for the 2023-24 school year.



0	Year built	October 2022	Projected 2023-24
Operated Schools		Student Count	Student Count
ALLIES	2017	120	124
Bennett Ranch Elementary	2018	350	374
Evans International Elementary	1976	499	503
Falcon Elementary	1982	264	284
Falcon Middle	1976	922	939
Falcon High School	2007	1245.5	1260.5
Horizon Middle	1985	706	727
Inspiration View Elementary	2019	518.5	590.5
Meridian Ranch Elementary	2003	643.5	656.5
Odyssey Elementary	2006	381.5	366.5
Patriot High School	1952	165	165
Pikes Peak Early College	2015	134	175
Remington Elementary	1997	598	607
Ridgeview Elementary	2002	528.5	538.5
Sand Creek High School	1997	1119	1132
Skyview Middle	2000	1003	998
Springs Ranch Elementary	2002	568.5	583.5
Springs Studio for Academic	2012	424.6	438.75
Excellence			
Stetson Elementary	1987	414	467
Vista Ridge High School	2008	1624	1630
Wooden Hills Elementary	2000	570.5	604.5
Home School Program	N/A	267	358.35
Operated Subtotal		13,066.10	13,522.60
Chartered Schools			
Banning Lewis Ranch Academy	2008	1673	1706
GOAL Academy	N/A	5317.5	5424
Grand Peak Academy	2019	618	630
Liberty Tree Academy	2018	646	659
Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary	2008	391	399
Learning			
Power Technical Early College	2016	340	347
Rocky Mountain Classical	2015	1304	1330
Academy			
Mountain View Academy	2020	353	360
Pioneer Tech & Arts Academy	2010	219	223
Chartered School Subtotal		10,861.5	11,078
District 49 Total		23,927.6	24,600.6



ECONOMIC CONDITION Local Economy

The District is located on the northeast side of Colorado Springs and continues to the east into the unincorporated area known as Falcon, Colorado. The city of Colorado Springs is the second most populous city in the state, behind Denver. The main employment sectors in El Paso County are: Retail trade, accommodation and food services and Health Care and Social Assistance. The military is also an important part of the community with four major bases in the Colorado Springs area. About 15% of D49 students are connected to the military; either through military families or civilian parents employed on federal property.

The local economy continues to shows signs of strong growth. Building of new homes continues to increase. There has been a significant increase, since 2010, in the number of single-family building permits. Property valuations are project to increase over 34% within the District; which results in higher sales and use tax receipts and vehicle registrations. These increased valuations and large-item purchases should result in continued higher sales and use tax receipts and new vehicle registration increases.

Long-term Financial Planning

As Colorado Springs and El Paso County continue to expand to the East, it will significantly impact District 49, where much of the available land is located. It is estimated, over the next 20 years, that development will generate 13,000 more students, requiring an additional 13 elementary schools, four middle schools and 3 high schools. The District continues to assess the proper configuration of learning buildings, including an emphasis on K-8s over standalone elementary and middle schools.

The District maintains no general obligation debt. The District paid off all outstanding bonds in December 2017 to convert all long term obligations to Certificates of Participation, funded by Mill Levy Override Collections. This leaves the District with borrowing capacity to build schools as the need arises, and as the constituency allows. The District's future challenge will be to manage its funding instruments where in a trending higher interest rate environment a continued reliance of Certificates of Participation (COPs) may be the more expensive form of funding versus traditional General Obligation and Mill Levy Override obligations.

Financial Policies

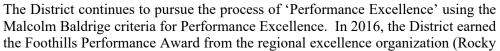
Detailed descriptions of the District's accounting policies are contained in the Notes to the Financial Statements included in this report. These policies describe the basis of accounting, funds and accounts used, valuation policies for investments and capital assets, and other significant accounting information.

The District maintains a number of budgetary controls. The objective of budgetary controls are to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Education. Budgetary control exists at the fund level. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Unencumbered amounts lapse at end of the fiscal year but are normally allowed to be re-budgeted by the original unit in the subsequent fiscal year.

Major Initiatives

At the end of the 22/23 school year, a single Superintendent of Schools replace the three-person organizational model of the Academic Officer Chief Business Officer and Chief Operations Officer. The Superintendent successfully identified and recruited both a Chief of Operations and a Chief Financial Officer (CFO) to support district-wide decision-making and management of their relative areas of expertise.

The Best Choice to Learn, Work and Lead-





Mountain Performance Excellence, aka RMPEx). In 2017, District 49 earned the Peak Award, which is the highest regional level attainable. The District is now pursuing the related national award for organizational excellence in order to facilitate ever-improving operations and processes within the District.

Once again in 2021-2022, the District was awarded the Certificate of Excellence from the Association of School Business Officials for our Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) and will continue to submit for this annual award.

With the passing of ballot item 3B in November 2016 (subsequently modified with 2018-4C), the District was able to build and open our two newest facilities: Bennett Ranch Elementary School (BRES) in August 2018, and Inspiration View Elementary (IVES) in June of 2019. The District is currently completing a five-year Master Facilities Plan which will help guide and drive future capital projects within D49.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to thank the Board of Education for their leadership and support to the students, staff and community. We appreciate their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District to their highest potential. We would also like to thank our independent auditors from Hoelting & Company Inc., for their professional and helpful approach in creating this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Their assistance was invaluable in creating this report. Finally, we would like to thank the Finance and Payroll staff who play an integral role in the financial success of District 49 on a daily basis.

Respectfully submitted,

Ron Sprinz

Director of Finance

Dr. David Trautenberg Chief Financial Officer

El Paso County CO School District 49

Elected Officials - Board of Education



Treasurer
Jamielynn Secre
D'Avola Lori Th

Secretary Lori Thompson Director Ivy Liu

Vice President Rick Van Wieren President John Graham

Administrative Officials

Peter Hilts Brian Smith Sean Dorsey Theresa Ritz Andrew Franko Lisa Fillo

Nancy Lemmond, PhD

Paul Andersen Dr. Louis Fletcher

Ron Sprinz Jack Pietraallo David Watson

Monica Deines-Henderson

David Nancarrow Lanette DePaul Superintendent

Falcon Zone Superintendent
Sand Creek Zone Superintendent
Power Zone Superintendent
iConnect Zone Superintendent
Everytive Director of Loarning Son

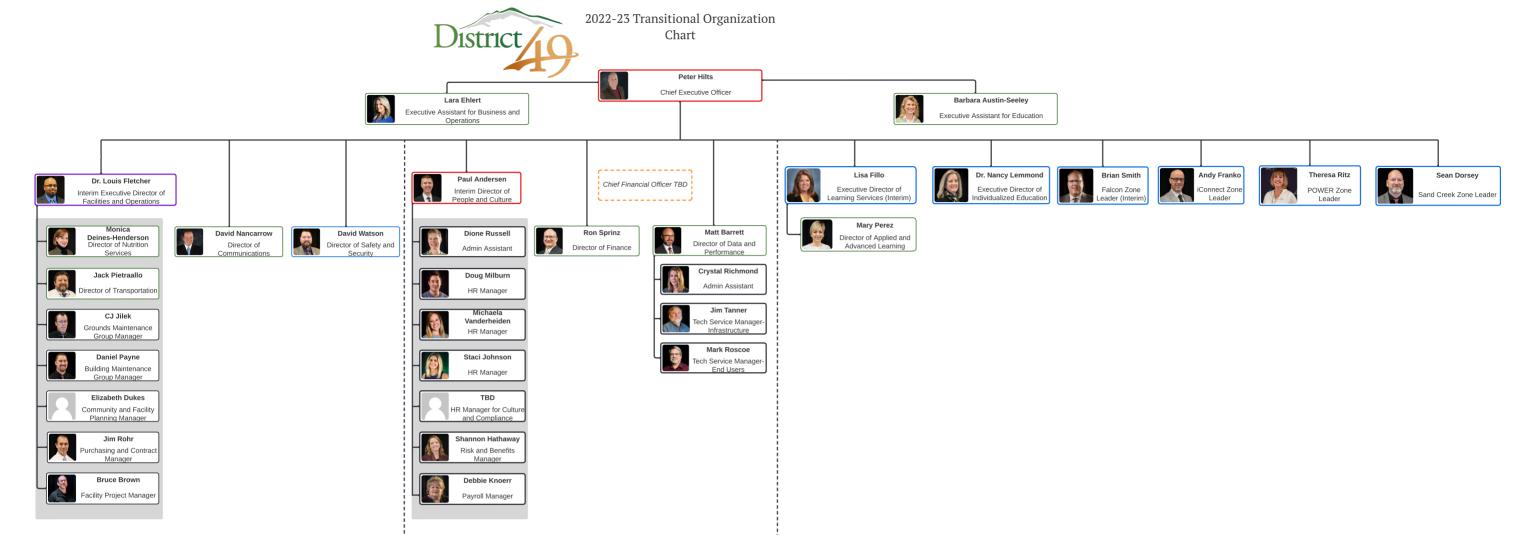
Executive Director of Learning Services
Executive Dir of Individualized Education

Executive Dir of People & Culture

Executive Dir of Facilities & Operations

Director of Finance

Director of Transportation
Director of Safety and Security
Director of Nutrition Services
Director of Communications
Exec Assistant to the BOE





The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

El Paso County School District 49

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



John W. Hutchison President

for w. Artchori

Siobhán McMahon, CAE
Chief Operations Officer/
Interim Executive Director

Sirkhan M. Muhn

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education El Paso County Colorado School District 49

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the El Paso County Colorado School District 49's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49, as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning, Mountain View Academy, and Pioneer Technology and Arts Academy, which represent 6 percent, 8 percent, and 11 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning, Mountain View Academy, and Pioneer Technology and Arts Academy, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the El Paso County Colorado School District 49's

ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the El Paso County Colorado School District 49's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the El Paso County Colorado School District 49's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2024 on our consideration of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering El Paso County Colorado School District 49's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hoelting & Company Tre.

Colorado Springs, Colorado
February 14, 2024

The Business Office of School District 49 offers readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- The Governmental Activities of School District 49 shows a Net Position deficit of \$84,037,567 at June 30, 2023 and \$91,750,088 June 30, 2022 respectively, or \$7,712,521 less than prior year.
 - o Effective July 1, 2014, School Districts are required to implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This resulted in a new liability amount on the District's financial reports totaling \$229,145,895.
 - O While the intentions of GASB 68 where appropriate for private sector pension programs. Its utility for a public sector entity, like D49, is limited and, in fact, may be more confusing for readers of the financial statements than without. To see more relevant comparability, users may want to adjust the totals presented for this amount.
- General Revenues for the Governmental Activities of the District totaled \$157,987,204 or 70.29% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions received accounted for \$66,787,037 or 29.71% of total revenues of \$224,774,241.
- The ending fund balance of total General Funds was \$32,904,793 at June 30, 2023 and \$32,502,196 at June 30, 2022. The General Fund portion maintained a fund balance to District Adjusted Gross Revenue (DAGR) ratio at 11.83%.
 - General Fund Revenue, including the Component Unit share (Charter Schools net of services), totaled \$267,799,382 at June 30, 2023 and \$242,014,744 at June 30, 2022.
 - Total student count in the District decreased by (853.5) students or -2.94% from the prior year driven by the affiliated portfolio; while the corresponding funded student FTE increased by 3.16% in the operated and chartered portfolio. The State Budget Negative Factor for District 49 remains with a balance of (\$10,146,609)
 - The Food Service Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$3,257,305 and \$3,231,830 at June 30, 2023 and 2022 respectively, an increase of \$25,475 from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. School District 49's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government—wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information about all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, instructional support, general and school administration, business and central services, maintenance and operations, and transportation. The business-type activity of the District includes food service.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the District itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate charter schools. Financial information for the charter schools are presented separately because the charter schools are financially accountable to the District and provide services to the District's students.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. School District 49, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: government funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide fund financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

School District 49 maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, and the bond redemption fund because all are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

School District 49 adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds. School District 49 maintains one proprietary fund. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the district's various functions. The district uses internal service funds to account for employee benefit programs for health insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support School District 49's own programs. The two fiduciary funds utilized by the District are the D49 Scholarship Fund and the Pupil Activity Fund. The accounting for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented after the notes to the required supplementary information.

Discretely Presented Component Units. These are operations for which the District has financial accountability, but they have certain independent qualities as well. All are considered major component units. The District's nine component units are:

- Banning Lewis Ranch Academy (BLRA)
- GOAL Academy (GOAL)
- Grand Peak Academy (GPA)
- Liberty Tree Academy (LTA)
- Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning (PPSEL)
- Power Technical Early College (PTEC)
- Rocky Mountain Classical Academy (RMCA)
- Mountain View Academy (MVA)
- Pioneer Technical & Arts Academy (PTAA)

Current guidance from CDE leads toward an overly–simplistic reporting of program revenue that can lead to an incorrect conclusion that local charter schools (non-multi-district schools) do not receive local property tax revenue as a component of total program revenue. Accordingly, the following table is provided to bring clarity to the sources and distribution of total program revenue (PPR):

						Specific						
		Re	al Property		() wners hip		Eq	ualization State		T	otal Program
	FTE		Taxes	% of Total		Taxes	% of Total		Share	% of Total		Revenue
Total District	28,956.50	\$ 3	34,777,127	13.10%	\$	3,272,335	1.23%	\$	227,456,318	85.67%	\$	265,505,780
D49 Operated Portfolio	13,153.50	\$ 2	24,060,642	19.79%	\$	2,263,970	1.86%	\$	95,283,399	78.35%	\$	121,608,010
Component Units:												
D49 Chartered Portfolio	11,537.50	\$ 1	10,716,485	10.06%	\$	1,008,365	0.95%	\$	94,828,540	89.00%	\$	106,553,390
PPSEL	396.00	\$	724,371	19.81%	\$	68,160	1.86%	\$	2,864,686	78.33%	\$	3,657,217
BLRA	1,590.50	\$	2,909,374	19.81%	\$	273,757	1.86%	\$	11,505,767	78.33%		14,688,899
RMCA	1,381.50	\$	2,527,067	19.81%	\$	237,784	1.86%	\$	9,993,849	78.33%		12,758,701
GPA	596.00	\$	1,090,215	19.81%	\$	102,584	1.86%	\$	4,311,498	78.33%		5,504,296
PTEC	367.50	\$	672,238	19.81%	\$	63,254	1.86%	\$	2,658,516	78.33%		3,394,008
LTA	689.00	\$	1,260,333	19.81%	\$	118,591	1.86%	\$	4,984,265	78.33%		6,363,188
MVA	393.00	\$	718,883	19.81%	\$	67,643	1.86%	\$	2,842,984	78.33%		3,629,511
PTAA	445.00		814,003	19.81%		76,593	1.86%		3,219,155	78.33%		4,109,752
GOAL	5,679.00			0.00%			0.00%	\$	52,447,818	100.00%		52,447,818

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices as well as their individual websites. Addresses and other information about the District's component units are presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of changes in a government's financial position over time. In the case of School District 49, Primary Government Liabilities exceeds Assets by \$84,037,567 and \$91,750,088 at June 30, 2023 and 2022 respectively. This is due to \$229,145,895 of the Net Pension and OPEB liability being assigned to the school district. With this liability excluded, School District 49's Primary Government Assets would have exceeded Liabilities by \$145,108,328.

Included in Total Net Position, \$85,858,609 is invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources. Capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

As of June 30, 2023, \$32,992,179 of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. This includes Colorado's required TABOR of \$5,800,000. The overall restricted amount increased by \$700,000 from prior year.

Governmental activities decreased the net position of the District by \$7,712,521 to \$84,037,567 as of June 30, 2023. Program revenues included \$25,888,921 in charges for services, and \$40,857,139 in operating grants and contributions and \$40,977 in Capital Grants and Contributions. \$157,987,204 was received in general revenues consisting of local property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and school finance act revenue. Total revenues received totaled \$224,774,241.

Instruction expenses totaled \$110,921,536, making up a major portion of total expenses of \$217,061,720 at June 30, 2023.

Program revenue for Food Services included \$2,179,731in charges for services and \$3,590,264 in operating grants and contributions. Expenditures for food services were \$5,744,520.

SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Statement Of Net Position Governmental Activities

]	Increase (Decrease) over			
		2023	2022		Prior Year		
ASSETS							
Current Assets	\$	168,095,060	\$	179,249,888	\$	(11,154,828)	
Capital assets, net of depreciation		212,642,226		197,373,301		15,268,925	
Total assets		380,737,286		376,623,189		4,114,097	1.09%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Total deferred outflows of resources		55,838,330		44,757,928		11,080,402	24.76%
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities		30,083,839		27,431,125		2,652,714	
Long-term liabilities		466,878,771		407,544,561		59,334,210	
Total liabilities		496,962,610		434,975,686		61,986,924	14.25%
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Total deferred inflows of resources		23,650,573		78,155,519		(54,504,946)	-69.74%
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		85,858,609		65,791,335		20,067,274	
Restricted for:							
TABOR		5,800,000		5,100,000		700,000	
Debt Service & MLO Projects		18,591,055		16,240,365		2,350,690	
Preschool		244,035		246,712		(2,677)	
MLO Projects		8,357,089		7,580,508		776,581	
Unrestricted		(202,888,355)		(186,703,094)		(16,185,261)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(84,037,567)	\$	(91,750,088)	\$	7,712,521	8.41%

SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Statement Of Activities Governmental

	2023 2022			Increase (Decrease) over Prior Year			
PROGRAM REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	25,888,921	\$	21,898,135	\$	3,990,786	
Operating Grants & contributions		40,857,139		43,568,305		(2,711,166)	
Capital Grants & contributions		40,977		17,384		23,593	
GENERAL REVENUES							
Property Taxes		59,479,584		56,988,074		2,491,510	
Specific ownership taxes		6,053,233		5,636,092		417,141	
State equalization		83,539,623		77,291,379		6,248,244	
Grants & Contrib not restricted to specific prg		741,792		1,020,620		(278,828)	
Investment earnings		5,505,678		513,568		4,992,110	
Miscellaneous		2,667,294		2,762,151		(94,857)	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	224,774,241	\$	209,695,708	\$	15,078,533	6.71%
EXPENSES							
Instruction		110,921,536		67,349,723		43,571,813	
Supporting services		84,381,157		59,749,338		24,631,819	
Community services		655,923		418,580		237,343	
Facilities acquisition and construction		7,443,174		603,007		6,840,167	
Food Service		5,312,622		5,337,166		(24,544)	
Interest and fiscal charges		8,347,308		9,048,542		(701,234)	
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	217,061,720	\$	142,506,356	\$	74,555,364	-52.32%
Change in Net Position		7,712,521		67,189,352		(59,476,831)	
Beginning Net Position		(91,750,088)		(158,939,440)		67,189,352	
Prior Period Adjustment						_	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(84,037,567)	\$	(91,750,088)	\$	7,712,521	8.41%

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As stated earlier, School District 49 uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2023, shows the District's governmental funds combined ending fund balance totals \$135,258,246 compared to \$150,036,131 at June 30, 2022.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the District. At June 30, 2023, committed and assigned fund balance of the general fund was \$18,393,542 compared to \$18,580,599 at June 30, 2022. Total unassigned fund balance is \$0 and \$873,061 at June 30, 2023 and 2022 respectively.

The Bond Redemption Fund remains in strong financial condition, with no debt as of June 30, 2023. The balance at June 2017 consisted of \$5,084,704 for principal and interest payments on the District's voter approved debt. As of December 31, 2017 all bond debt has been paid off.

In 2022-23, School District 49 expended \$20,401,689 of local, state and federal grant funds, excluding charter school grant expenditures. Of these expenditures, \$1,896,106 represent funds yet to be received from the individual granting authorities prior to the close of the fiscal year and are scheduled for receipt early in the 2023-24 fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District approves the original budget in June based on enrollment projections for the following school year. In October, after a better estimate of enrollment can be made, adjustments are made to the budget. The rapid growth the District experienced for most of 2000's has moderated in the last few years, but is starting to tick up again. The 2021-22 to 2022-23 expected growth was budgeted at 1.5%

Some significant budget highlights include:

- The final (Amended) budget for the General Fund showed a decrease in revenue \$777,189 and an increase in expenditures by 8,325,530 from the original (Adopted) budget.
- Actual General Funds results for the 2022-23 fiscal year showed revenue in excess of expenses by \$20,451,709. This allowed the fund balance to grow \$402,597.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. School District 49's investment in capital assets for governmental activities as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$212,642,226 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery, equipment, and vehicles. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was due to the depreciation of existing assets and/or disposal of assets.

SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Investment in Capital Assets

			Balance at 6/30/2022	Increase (Decrea over Prior Year		
Governmental Activities:						
Land	\$	18,343,078	\$	18,343,078	\$	-
Buildings & Improvements		152,832,423		160,592,931		(7,760,508)
Equipment		8,640,134		8,970,422		(330,288)
Software		339,443		-		339,443
Construction in Progress		32,487,148		9,466,870		23,020,278
Governmental activities capital assets, net						
accumulated depreciation	\$	212,642,226	\$	197,373,301	7	.18%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2023, School District 49's total outstanding long-term debt was \$467,087,919. Of this amount, \$6,432,143 for capital leases and \$199,175,000 in certificates of participation obligations. Compensated absences for School District 49 total \$4,497,124 at June 30, 2023.

In November 2005, the constituents approved a mill levy override to pay for the construction of new facilities and additions to then-current facilities. School District 49 sold the aforementioned Certificates of Participation in July 2006 and July 2007 to finance this construction and will pay the certificates back with the approved mill levy override tax revenue.

In November 2016, the constituents approved a mill levy override to pay for the construction of new facilities and additions to then-current facilities. School District 49 sold the aforementioned Certificates of Participation in February 2017 to finance this construction and will pay the certificates back with the approved mill levy override tax revenue.

State Statutes limit the amount of the District's general obligation bonded debt to 20% of the assessed value of the District, or 6% of the retail value of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total general obligation bonded debt of \$0 or 0.00% of assessed value.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and 2022-2023 Budget

- The local, state, and federal economies are performing well. This was seen with a change in the District's assessed property value, which increased over 2.01% in 2023 from \$1,288,562,280 the prior year to a total of \$1,314,377,980. Due to requirements of the Colorado State Constitution's Gallagher Amendment, passed in 1982 previously mandated a consistent ratio between residential and non-residential property. In November of 2020 the State of Colorado passed Amendment B, which repealed the Gallagher Amendment, thereby freezing the residential property tax rate to 7.15% and non-residential to 29%,
- The District will continue to work proactively with developers, the City of Colorado Springs, and El Paso County to address enrollment growth. School District 49 has been one of the fastest growing school districts in the state, based on enrollment on a percentage basis, for the last several years; and current expectations are for that to continue for the next 15-20 years. This would result in School District 49 eventually becoming the largest school district in the Colorado Springs / El Paso County Colorado area, potentially doubling the number of students served over that time.
- School District 49 continues to work with charter schools and had nine charter schools in operation during the current fiscal year and plans to add an additional school, Mountain View Academy joined the portfolio for the 2020-2021 school year and PTAA (Pioneer Technology & Arts Academy) has joined the portfolio in the 2021-2022 school year.
- The District ended the 2022-23 school year with 11.83% revenue to fund balance revenue ratio (excluding PERA liability), as BOE Policy DAA states. The 10-11% target equates to approximately one month of expenditures and is necessary to handle the District's annual cash flow cycle that is present due to the seasonal nature of property tax receipts.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of School District 49's finances for those with an interest in the District. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be submitted to the following:

El Paso County Colorado School District 49 Attention: Business Office 10850 E. Woodmen Road Peyton, CO 80831

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Primary Government	
	Governmental	Component
	Activities	Units
ASSETS	ф. 20.025.0 <i>c</i> 7	Ф. 56 120 0 7 1
Cash and investments	\$ 30,925,967	\$ 56,128,871
Restricted cash and investments	126,117,360	7,673,348
Cash with County Treasurer	1,173,934	-
Taxes receivable	519,086	1 421 272
Grants receivable	7 740 292	1,421,372
Intergovernmental receivables Lease receivable	7,749,382	245,373 233,715
Other receivables	1 206 970	
	1,396,870	469,582
Deposits	111 002	405,654
Prepaid items Inventories	111,993	619,157
	100,468	14 600 200
Capital assets, not being depreciated	50,830,226	14,600,289
Capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization	161,812,000	80,829,918
Total assets	380,737,286	162,627,279
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred charge on refunding	3,626,171	7,626,913
Deferred pension outflows	50,203,223	23,682,083
Deferred OPEB outflows	2,008,936	1,186,798
Total deferred outflows of resources	55,838,330	32,495,794
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	8,616,129	8,208,328
Accrued salaries and benefits	18,124,053	1,652,724
Compensated absences	209,148	-
Accrued interest	370,111	1,104,773
Unearned revenues	2,764,398	106,440
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	9,529,419	3,234,830
Due in more than one year	228,203,457	117,511,769
Net pension liabilities	221,594,033	85,478,884
Net OPEB liabilities	7,551,862	2,921,119
Total liabilities	496,962,610	220,218,867
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred lease inflows	1,281,792	233,715
Deferred pension inflows	19,567,873	11,068,758
Deferred OPEB inflows	2,800,908	1,097,075
Total deferred inflows of resources	23,650,573	12,399,548
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	85,858,609	(16,724,634)
Restricted for:		
Emergency reserve (TABOR)	5,800,000	3,141,636
Debt service	18,591,055	6,897,862
Preschool	244,035	-
MLO projects	8,357,089	245,029
Unrestricted	(202,888,355)	(31,055,235)
Total net position	\$ (84,037,567)	\$ (37,495,342)

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			Program Revenue	Changes in Net Position			
			Operating	Capital	Primary Government	Component Units	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Charter Schools	
Primary government	-						
Governmental activities							
Instruction	\$ 110,921,536	\$ 10,468,325	\$ 35,789,152	\$ 40,977	\$ (64,623,082)	\$ -	
Supporting services	84,381,157	13,289,972	1,477,723	-	(69,613,462)		
Community services	655,923	-	-	-	(655,923)		
Food service operations	5,312,622	2,130,624	3,590,264	-	408,266		
Facilities acquisition and construction	7,443,174	-	=	-	(7,443,174)		
Interest and fiscal charges	8,347,308				(8,347,308)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 217,061,720	\$ 25,888,921	\$ 40,857,139	\$ 40,977	(150,274,683)		
Component units							
Charter schools	\$ 128,366,260	\$ 8,800,024	\$ 10,598,947	\$ 1,654,220		(107,313,069)	
	General revenues:						
	Property taxes				59,479,584	-	
	Specific owner	•			6,053,233	-	
	State equalizat				83,539,623	-	
	Per pupil rever				-	102,662,624	
	District mill le	•			-	1,792,432	
			eted to specific progra	ams	741,792	3,798,711	
	Investment ear	~			5,505,678	1,288,778	
	Miscellaneous				2,667,294	269,633	
	Total general	l revenues			157,987,204	109,812,178	
	Change in ne	et position			7,712,521	2,499,109	
	Net position - begi	nning			(91,750,088)	(40,255,765)	
	Prior period adjust	ment				261,314	
	Net position - begi	nning, as restated (d	eficit)		(91,750,088)	(39,994,451)	
	Net position - endi	ing (deficit)			\$ (84,037,567)	\$ (37,495,342)	

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 28,374,190	\$ -	\$ 834,360	\$ 29,208,550
Restricted cash and investments	22,742,805	-	103,374,555	126,117,360
Cash with country treasurer	1,173,934	-	-	1,173,934
Taxes receivable	519,086	-	-	519,086
Intergovernmental receivables	12,809	7,198,020	499,179	7,710,008
Other receivables	16,573	-	1,419,672	1,436,245
Due from other funds	24,965,158	-	22,930,547	47,895,705
Prepaid items	110,127	1,866	-	111,993
Inventories			100,468	100,468
Total assets	\$ 77,914,682	\$ 7,199,886	\$ 129,158,781	\$ 214,273,349
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 4,631,818	\$ 1,740,167	\$ 1,571,448	\$ 7,943,433
Accrued salaries and benefits	16,586,833	1,178,591	358,629	18,124,053
Compensated absences	209,148	-	-	209,148
Due to other funds	22,531,019	2,385,022	23,253,237	48,169,278
Unearned revenue	528,069	1,896,106	340,222	2,764,397
Total liabilities	44,486,887	7,199,886	25,523,536	77,210,309
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	523,002	-	-	523,002
Unavailable revenue-leases			1,281,792	1,281,792
Total deferred inflows of resources	523,002		1,281,792	1,804,794
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	110,127	-	100,468	210,595
Restricted for:				
Emergency reserve (TABOR)	5,800,000	-	-	5,800,000
Debt service	-	-	18,591,055	18,591,055
MLO projects	8,357,089	-	-	8,357,089
Preschool	244,035	-	-	244,035
Committed for:				
Pupil activities	-	-	2,061,906	2,061,906
Food Services	-	-	3,156,837	3,156,837
Contingencies	11,211,051	-	-	11,211,051
Assigned for:				
Risk management	851,841	-	-	851,841
Capital projects	6,330,650	-	78,443,187	84,773,837
Unassigned				
Total fund balances	32,904,793		102,353,453	135,258,246
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 77,914,682	\$ 7,199,886	\$ 129,158,781	\$ 214,273,349
		,,	,,,	

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$	135,258,246
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial at Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 50,830,226 161,812,000		212,642,226
Property tax receivable is not available to pay current period ex not reported in the funds.	penditures and, therefore, is	3	523,000
Internal service funds are used by the District's management to activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the in included with governmental activities in the statement of net po	ternal service funds are		1,318,294
Long-term liabilities and related items are not due and payable	in the current year		
and, therefore, are not reported in government funds:			
Deferred charges on refunding	\$ 3,626,171		
Net pension liabilities	(221,594,033)		
Pension outflows	50,203,223		
Pension inflows	(19,567,873)		
Net OPEB liabilities	(7,551,862)		
OPEB outflows	2,008,930		
OPEB inflows	(2,800,908)		
Accrued interest	(370,111)		
Compensated absences	(4,287,976)		
Leases payable	(6,432,143)		
SBITA liability	(352,681)		
Certificates of participation payable	(199,175,000))	
Unamortized premiums	(27,485,076)	<u> </u>	(433,779,333)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(84,037,567)

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Consideration	Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund	Total Nonmajor	Total Governmental
REVENUES	General Fund	Grants Fund	Funds	Funds
Local sources	\$ 76,614,562	\$ -	\$ 12,568,485	\$ 89,183,047
State sources	101,625,704	179,442	2,500,000	104,305,146
Federal sources	807,900	20,222,247	3,490,730	24,520,877
Total revenues	179,048,166	20,401,689	18,559,215	218,009,070
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	88,233,672	11,767,056	4,105,310	104,106,038
Supporting services	67,364,022	8,168,133	5,035,797	80,567,952
Community services	3,656	466,500	185,767	655,923
Food service operations	-	-	5,744,520	5,744,520
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,013,437	-	22,904,626	23,918,063
Debt service	1,981,670		16,607,988	18,589,658
Total expenditures	158,596,457	20,401,689	54,584,008	233,582,154
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	20,451,709		(36,024,793)	(15,573,084)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	(20,844,311)	-	20,844,311	-
Lease proceeds	795,199			795,199
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,049,112)		20,844,311	795,199
Net change in fund balances	402,597	-	(15,180,482)	(14,777,885)
Fund balances - beginning	32,502,196		117,533,935	150,036,131
Fund balances - ending	\$ 32,904,793	\$ -	\$ 102,353,453	\$ 135,258,246

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:			\$ (14,777,885)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, i activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlays	\$	26,426,813	
Depreciation/amortization		(11,157,888)	15,268,925
Governmental funds do not present property tax revenues that are not a current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the state when earned.	(99,140)		
Internal service funds are used by the District to charge the cost of cert	ain ac	tivities to	
individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are repo	rted v	vith	
governmental activities.			1,079,317
Interest expense is reported when incurred in the statement of activities	s but i	s not reported	
in the funds until paid.			13,194
while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the corresources of the governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, where are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	the e	ffect of ese amounts	
Repayment of principal	\$	9,128,342	
Lease proceeds		(370,894)	
SBITA proceeds		(424,304)	
Amortization of deferred on refunding		(219,768)	
Accretion of COP premium		1,320,582	9,433,958
Governmental funds measure compensated absences by the amount of used, whereas these expenses are reported in the statement of activities amounts incurred during the year.			(276,936)
Certain pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as		_	
governmental funds. Changes in pension related items	\$	(3,655,004)	
Changes in OPEB related items	Ψ	726,092	 (2,928,912)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 7,712,521
			·

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
	Internal
	Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,717,417
Due from other funds	273,573
Total assets	1,990,990
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	672,696
Total liabilities	672,696
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	1,318,294
Total net position	\$ 1,318,294

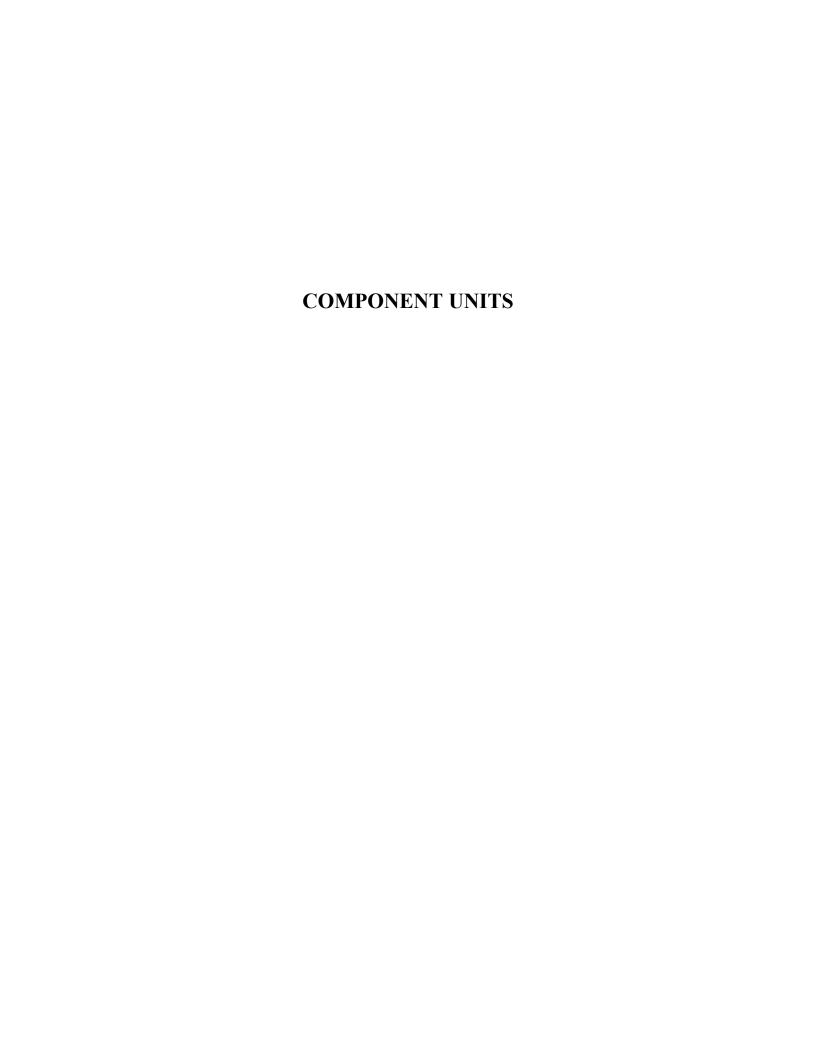
EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 12,367,045
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Purchased services	11,368,030
Total operating expenses	11,368,030
Operating income (loss)	999,015
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest and investment revenue	80,302
Change in net position	1,079,317
Net position - beginning	238,977
Net position - ending	\$ 1,318,294

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
	Service I unu
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 11,318,210
Cash payments to suppliers	(11,323,125)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(4,915)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	80,302
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	75,387
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	1,642,030
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 1,717,417
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 999,015
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	
net cash provided by operating activities:	
Change in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in:	
Due from other funds	(273,573)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	44,904
Due to other funds	(775,261)
Total adjustments	(1,003,930)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (4,915)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

ACCEPTE	Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning	Banning Lewis Ranch Academy	Rocky Mountain Classical Academy	GOAL Academy	Liberty Tree Academy	Grand Peak Academy	Mountain View Academy	Pioneer Technology And Arts Academy	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 3,647,677	\$ 9,545,757	\$ 6,537,174	\$ 27,942,615	\$ 3,880,250	\$ 3,616,844	\$ 608,355	\$ 350,199	\$ 56,128,871
Restricted cash and investments	25,636	2,389,448	3,391,237	-	465,773	1,401,254	-	-	7,673,348
Grants receivable	-	-	285,637	1,023,078	25,455	30,224	-	56,978	1,421,372
Intergovernmental receivable	-	31,390	-	-	-	-	213,983	-	245,373
Lease receivable	-	-	-	-	-	233,715	-	-	233,715
Other receivable	40,653	-	90,450	291,396	-	47,083	-	_	469,582
Deposits	-	-	18,710	225,654	11,290	150,000	-	_	405,654
Prepaid items	18,735	282,873	190,863	58,633	14,912	53,141	_	_	619,157
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,280,459	202,073	8,885,873	1,666,312	1,017,645	1,750,000	_	_	14,600,289
Capital assets, net of depreciation	3,721,026	22,126,966	22,910,831	3,679,628	12,404,558	15,495,625	_	491,284	80,829,918
Capital assets, liet of depreciation	3,721,020	22,120,900	22,910,831	3,079,028	12,404,336	13,493,023		491,204	80,829,918
Total assets	8,734,186	34,376,434	42,310,775	34,887,316	17,819,883	22,777,886	822,338	898,461	162,627,279
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred charge on refunding	-	1,596,666	4,832,072	-	1,198,175	-	-	-	7,626,913
Deferred pension outflows	998,058	-	2,578,865	16,938,622	1,518,181	1,129,485	-	518,872	23,682,083
Deferred OPEB outflows	33,489		93,643	883,660	129,061	29,268		17,677	1,186,798
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,031,547	1,596,666	7,504,580	17,822,282	2,845,417	1,158,753		536,549	32,495,794
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and									
other current liabilities	369,798	467,766	5,714,068	777,958	91,646	115,252	446,776	225,064	8,208,328
Accrued salaries and benefits	108,897	987,077	424,414	777,556	132,336	113,232	440,770	223,004	1,652,724
Accrued interest	11,469	38,835	498,499	-	88,670	467,300	-	-	1,104,773
Unearned revenues				-	88,070	407,300	64.260	-	
	7,025	17,818	17,337	-	-	-	64,260	-	106,440
Long-term liabilities	166,000	004 202	200.460	1.050.606	210 472	205.000		200.000	2 224 929
Due within one year	166,990	804,203	399,469	1,059,696	219,472	285,000	-	300,000	3,234,830
Due in more than one year	5,026,356	28,591,121	42,978,539	1,019,305	18,320,135	20,900,000	-	676,313	117,511,769
Net Pension Liability	4,054,552	-	10,992,878	58,987,445	5,255,451	4,429,486	-	1,759,072	85,478,884
Net OPEB Liability	138,184		374,461	2,010,948	178,992	150,947		67,587	2,921,119
Total liabilities	9,883,271	30,906,820	61,399,665	63,855,352	24,286,702	26,347,985	511,036	3,028,036	220,218,867
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred lease inflows	-	-	-	_	-	233,715	-	-	233,715
Deferred pension inflows	596,696	-	1,434,841	7,507,684	234,758	961,857	-	332,922	11,068,758
Deferred OPEB inflows	51,224		136,133	743,253	63,041	79,591		23,833	1,097,075
Total deferred inflows of resources	647,920		1,570,974	8,250,937	297,799	1,275,163		356,755	12,399,548
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	(203,330)	(5,671,691)	(6,749,232)	3,266,939	(3,919,229)	(3,939,375)	=	491,284	(16,724,634)
Restricted for:	(203,330)	(3,071,071)	(0,747,232)	3,200,737	(3,717,227)	(3,737,373)		471,204	(10,724,034)
Emergency reserve - TABOR	25,636	505,000	457,000	1,700,000	212,000	242,000	-	-	3,141,636
Debt service	136,000	2,404,068	2,892,737	-	381,103	1,083,954	-	-	6,897,862
Other	-	-	· <u>-</u>	31,064			213,965	-	245,029
Unrestricted	(723,764)	7,828,903	(9,755,789)	(24,394,694)	(593,075)	(1,073,088)	97,337	(2,441,065)	(31,055,235)
Total net position	\$ (765,458)	\$ 5,066,280	\$ (13,155,284)	\$ (19,396,691)	\$ (3,919,201)	\$ (3,686,509)	\$ 311,302	\$ (1,949,781)	\$ (37,495,342)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning	Banning Lewis Ranch Academy	Rocky Mountain Classical Academy	GOAL Academy	Liberty Tree Academy	Grand Peak Academy	Mountain View Academy	Pioneer Technology And Arts Academy	Total
EXPENSES									
Instruction	\$ 2,974,946	\$ 9,435,089	\$ 6,793,018	\$ 28,820,005	\$ 3,693,997	\$ 3,247,898	\$ 2,660,742	\$ 2,932,873	\$ 60,558,568
Supporting services	1,120,359	7,503,300	7,920,264	31,219,708	3,848,969	3,439,121	4,471,412	818,781	60,341,914
Depreciation and amortization	120.000	2 071 224	2.015.252	102.000	- 1 121 072	-	-	-	- 465 770
Interest and fiscal charges	139,609	2,071,334	3,015,273	183,090	1,121,872	934,600			7,465,778
Total expenses	4,234,914	19,009,723	17,728,555	60,222,803	8,664,838	7,621,619	7,132,154	3,751,654	128,366,260
PROGRAM REVENUES									
Charges for services	167,586	2,151,136	3,520,926	_	1,189,599	1,770,777	-	_	8,800,024
Operating grants and contributions	293,975	803,983	1,267,391	7,068,073	281,532	351,959	188,774	343,260	10,598,947
Capital grants and contributions	-	600,728	393,073	-	260,273	221,642	-	178,504	1,654,220
. 0									
Total program revenues	461,561	3,555,847	5,181,390	7,068,073	1,731,404	2,344,378	188,774	521,764	21,053,191
Net expense (revenue)	(3,773,353)	(15,453,876)	(12,547,165)	(53,154,730)	(6,933,434)	(5,277,241)	(6,943,380)	(3,229,890)	(107,313,069)
GENERAL REVENUES									
Per pupil revenue	3,657,199	14,688,824	12,758,636	52,447,553	6,363,156	5,504,269	3,639,924	3,603,063	102,662,624
District mill levy	196,695	557,133	399,828	290,747	-	301,223	46,806	-	1,792,432
Grants and contributions not restricted	,		,	=,			,		-,,
to specific programs	140,230	217,632	58,135	31,961	6,719	18,232	3,325,802	_	3,798,711
Investment earnings	28,224	161,529	128,391	796,386	117,404	56,844	-	_	1,288,778
Miscellaneous	-	58,758	1,858	123,436	28,411	43,342	-	13,828	269,633
Total general revenues	4,022,348	15,683,876	13,346,848	53,690,083	6,515,690	5,923,910	7,012,532	3,616,891	109,812,178
Change in net position	248,995	230,000	799,683	535,353	(417,744)	646,669	69,152	387,001	2,499,109
Net position - beginning	(1,014,453)	4,836,280	(13,954,967)	(19,932,044)	(3,501,457)	(4,594,492)	242,150	(2,336,782)	(40,255,765)
Prior period adjustment	(1.014.452)	4.026.200	(12.054.057)	(10.022.044)	(2.501.457)	261,314	242.150	(2.22(.702)	261,314
Net position - beginning, as restated (deficit)	(1,014,453)	4,836,280	(13,954,967)	(19,932,044)	(3,501,457)	(4,333,178)	242,150	(2,336,782)	(39,994,451)
Net position - ending (deficit)	\$ (765,458)	\$ 5,066,280	\$ (13,155,284)	\$ (19,396,691)	\$ (3,919,201)	\$ (3,686,509)	\$ 311,302	\$ (1,949,781)	\$ (37,495,342)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of El Paso County Colorado School District 49 (the District) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The District was established in 1889 and is organized under the Constitution of the State of Colorado. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms. The Board of Education maintains oversight for the District's instructional facilities and support departments to provide services to meet the needs of approximately 25,000 students and other community members.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The District's Board of Education has authorized nine charter schools for operation. Eight of schools are considered discretely presented component units: Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning, Banning Lewis Ranch Academy, Rocky Mountain Classical Academy, Guided Online Academic Learning (GOAL) Academy, Liberty Tree Academy, Grand Peak Academy, Mountain View Academy, and Pioneer Technology & Arts Academy. The charter schools are fiscally dependent on the District since the District provides the majority of support to each school in the form of per pupil revenue. Also, the potential exists that their exclusion from the District's reporting entity would cause the District's statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Separately issued financial statements for the charter schools may be obtained by writing to the following:

Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning 11925 Antlers Ridge Drive Falcon, CO 80831

Banning Lewis Ranch Academy 7094 Cottonwood Tree Drive Colorado Springs, CO 80927

Rocky Mountain Classical Academy 4620 Antelope Ridge Drive Colorado Springs, CO 80922

Mountain View Academy 2103 Meadowbrook Parkway Colorado Springs, CO 80951 GOAL Academy 107 W 11th Street Pueblo, CO 80204

Liberty Tree Academy 8579 Eastonville Road Falcon, CO 80831

Grand Peak Academy 7036 Cowpoke Road Colorado Springs, CO 80908

Pioneer Technology & Arts Academy 6464 Peterson Rd Colorado Springs, CO 80923

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

Power Technical Early College (PTEC) is one of the District's charter schools; however, it is not considered a component unit. Financial information for PTEC can be found in the James Irwin Charter Schools financial statements which can be obtained by writing to the following:

James Irwin Charter Schools 5525 Astrozon Blvd. Colorado Springs, CO 80916

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Any fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of given functions or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to students or other service users who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and proprietary funds. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges for interfund services provided and used, the elimination of which would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Designated Purpose Grants Fund* is used to record financial transactions for grants received for designated programs funded by federal, state or local governments.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

The *Food Service Fund* accounts for the District's food service program. This fund is required to account for USDA school breakfast and lunch money received by the District.

The *Other Special Revenue Fund* is used to account for other local revenues comprised of donations and local grants.

The *Pupil Activity Fund* is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to school sponsored student intrascholastic and interscholastic athletic and other related activities.

The *Transportation Fund* is used to account for revenues from a tax levied or a fee imposed for the purpose of paying excess transportation costs.

The *Kids Corner Fund* is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the before and after school care program for students that attend the Sand Creek Zone.

The *Other Activities Fund* is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to school sponsored student intra-scholastic athlete and other related activities.

Debt Service Funds accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal, interest and related expenses on long-term district debt,

The Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal, interest and related expenditures on COP debt.

Capital Project Funds account for the proceeds, construction and acquisition of capital assets.

The Capital Reserve Fund accounts for the purposes and limitations specified by Section 22-45-103(1)(c), C.R.S., including the acquisition of sites, buildings, equipment, and vehicles.

The Capital Projects Mill Levy Fund accounts for all resources provided through mill levy overrides for acquiring and improving capital sites, buildings, and equipment.

Internal Service Funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The *Health Insurance Fund* accounts for premium payments and claims related to the self-funded health and dental insurance programs and risk related activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the government's internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Internal Service Fund include the cost of sales, services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current fiscal period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the District the right to use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property taxes, interest, and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Specific ownership taxes collected and held by the county at year-end on behalf of the District are also recognized as revenue. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 120 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Cash and cash equivalents

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the cash account is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in the bank and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Local government investment pools in Colorado must be organized under Colorado Revised Statutes, which allows certain types of governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. Investments in such pools are reported at net asset value.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross values and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. General warehouse inventory is valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Food Service inventory is stated at cost using the weighted average method except for commodities. USDA donated food commodities are valued at estimated acquisition value at the date of receipt.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital assets

Capital assets include tangible and intangible assets that are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for lease assets, are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For lease assets, only those intangible lease assets that cost more than \$100,000 are reported as capital assets.

As the District constructs or acquires capital assets each period they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 1 D. *Leases* below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible assets of the District are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20
Equipment – office	10
Equipment – technology	5
Equipment – vehicles	10

Accrued Salaries and Benefits

Salaries and benefits of teachers and other contracted personnel are paid over a twelve-month period, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, are reported as a liability in the respective funds and have been fully funded as of the fiscal year end.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes resources received by the District before the related revenue can be recognized because the earnings process is not complete.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred* outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Leases

<u>Lessee</u>: The District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of facilities and equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease assets in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$100,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Lessor</u>: The District is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of cell towers. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Long-term liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pensions

El Paso County Colorado School District 49 participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

OPEB

El Paso County Colorado School District 49 participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund balance classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications available to be used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolution of the Board of Education. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was used when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Education or through the Board of Education delegating this responsibility to management through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for any governmental funds except for the General Fund.

Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The District would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

E. REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES

Property Taxes

Property taxes for the current year are certified in arrears to the County by December 15, and attach as an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in full by April 30, or are payable in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15. The County Treasurer bills and collects the District's property tax. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent they result in current receivables.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The District is permitted to levy taxes on the assessed valuation for general governmental services and for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2023 is 45.159 mills for general operating expenses. The District's assessed valuation for the collection year 2023 is \$1,314,377,980.

Specific Ownership Taxes

Specific ownership taxes are collected by the county for motor vehicle and other personal property registered in the District's assessment area. The tax receipts collected by the county are remitted to the District in the subsequent month and are considered unrestricted intergovernmental revenues. Specific ownership taxes are recorded as revenue when collected by the county.

Compensated Absences

<u>Sick Leave Payable</u>: Employees accrue 10-12 days of sick leave each year dependent upon their contract basis. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 120 days. An employee will be reimbursed one-half of the current substitute rate or one-half of his/her base daily pay per classification of any unused sick leave days beyond the 120 days annually.

Upon retirement (15 years of more in the District or eligible for PERA retirement with at least 5 years of services in the District) an employee will be reimbursed at the current substitute rate of pay for their classification, up to a maximum of 120 days.

<u>Vacation Payable</u>: Under the District's policies certain employees earn vacation pay of 10-20 days, based on longevity of service. All unused/accrued vacation is vested at June 30 each year.

<u>Personal Leave</u>: A teacher or an employee who works 30 hours or more per week may be absent for two days per year for the purpose of personal leave. Personal days which are not used during the school year may be added to the employee's sick leave days or be reimbursed at the current substitute rate of pay.

The compensated absences balance is reported in the government-wide financial statements. For the governmental fund financial statements, the recognition of this liability is limited to the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources.

Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

F. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Budgets are required by State law for all funds, except fiduciary funds. The Superintendent submits a proposed budget to the Board of Education for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. It also includes a statement describing the major objectives of the educational program to be undertaken by the District and the manner in which the budget proposes to fulfill such objectives. Public hearings are conducted by the Board of Education to obtain public comments.

On or before June 30, the budget is adopted by formal resolution. After the adoption of the budget, the board may review and change the budget at any time prior to January 31 of the fiscal year for which the budget was adopted. After January 31, the board may not review or change the budget except where money for a specific purpose from other than ad valorem taxes becomes available which could not have been reasonably foreseen at the time of the adoption of the budget. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within any fund rests with the Superintendent. Revisions that alter the total expenditures in any fund must be approved by the Board of Education. Appropriations are based on total funds expected to be available in each budget year, including beginning fund balances as established by the Board of Education.

Budgets for all fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP-basis accounting requires that expenditures of salaries and related benefits be recorded in the fiscal year earned. Thus, the District budgets for all accrued salaries and related benefits earned but unpaid at June 30. Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the Superintendent and/or Board of Education throughout the year. All appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Deposits	\$ 8,262,292
Investments	_148,781,035
Total	\$157,043,327

Deposits and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 30,925,967
Restricted cash and investments	126,117,360
Total	\$ 157,043,327

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash deposits with financial institutions

<u>Custodial Credit Risk—deposits</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits might not be recovered. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

The carrying amount of the District's deposits at June 30, 2023 was \$8,262,292 and the bank balances were \$9,656,812. Of the bank balances, \$750,000 were covered by federal deposit insurance, and the remaining balance was uninsured but collateralized in accordance with the provisions of the PDPA.

Investments

The District is authorized by Colorado statutes to invest in the following:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agencies' securities;
- Certain international agencies' securities;
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities;
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks;
- Certain commercial paper:
- Local government investment pools;
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities;
- Certain money market fund;
- Guaranteed investment contracts.

At June 30, 2023 the District's investment balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Year-end Balance	Measurement	<u>Maturity</u>	Standard & Poor's Rating
ColoTrust Money Market Certificates of Deposit	\$ 142,766,399 5,736,525 278,111	Net asset value Amortized cost Amortized cost	Less than 90 days Less than 90 days Up to one year	AAAm AAA AAA
	\$ 148,781,035			

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Local Government Investment Pools. The Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating the pools, which operate in conformity with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a-7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, which includes the maintenance of each share equal in value to \$1.00. Investments are limited to those allowed by state statutes. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of managing its exposure to interest rate risk, the District has a board approved investment policy that limits investment maturities to five years or less. Colorado revised statute 24-75-601 also limits investment maturities to five years or less.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. Credit risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. State law and District policy limit investments to those described above.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the District's investment in a single issuer. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. More than 20 percent of the District's investments are in ColoTrust. These investments are 96.5% of the District's total investments.

Fair value of investments. The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 inputs reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 inputs reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 inputs reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

District investments measured at net asset value or amortized cost fall under the existing exemptions to fair value measurement.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables are created in conjunction with the District's pooled cash and investment portfolios. Balances are routinely cleared as a matter of practice.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds	
General Fund Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund Nonmajor Funds Risk Management – Health Insurance Fund	\$ 24,965,158 22,930,547 273,573	\$ 22,531,019 2,385,022 23,253,237	
Total	\$ 48,169,278	\$ 48,169,278	

Interfund transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Transfers From <u>Other Funds</u>		
General Fund COP Debt Service Fund	\$ - 20,844,311	\$ 20,844,311	
Total	\$ 20,844,311	\$ 20,844,311	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and (3) move capital assets from one fund to another fund when the fund using the capital assets changes.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 18,343,078		\$ -	\$ 18,343,078
Construction in progress	9,466,870	23,754,805	(734,527)	32,487,148
Total capital assets not being depreciated	27,809,948	23,754,805	(734,527)	50,830,226
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	261,069,409	792,560	-	261,861,969
Equipment	22,440,603	1,818,777		24,259,380
Total capital assets being depreciated	283,510,012	2,611,337		286,121,349
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(108,408,599)		-	(116,665,630)
Equipment	(14,131,926)	(2,205,736)		(16,337,662)
Total accumulated depreciation	(122,540,525)	(10,462,767)		(133,033,292)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	160,969,487	(7,851,430)	<u>-</u>	153,118,057
Lease assets being amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	9,569,833	-	-	9,569,833
Equipment	1,350,106	370,894	<u>-</u>	1,721,000
Total lease assets being amortized	10,919,939	<u>-</u>		11,290,833
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,637,712)	(296,037)	-	(1,933,749)
Equipment	(688,361)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u>-</u>	(1,002,584)
Total accumulated amortization	(2,326,073)	(610,260)		(2,936,333)
Total lease assets being amortized, net	8,593,866	(239,366)		8,354,500
SBITAs assets being amortized:				
Software	-	424,304	-	424,304
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Software		(84,861)		(84,861)
Total SBITAs assets being amortized, net	-	339,443	-	339,443
Capital assets, net of accumulated				
depreciation/amortization	169,563,353	(16,003,452)	<u>-</u>	161,812,000
Total governmental activities capital assets	<u>\$ 197,373,301</u>	\$ 16,003,452	\$ (734,527)	<u>\$ 212,642,226</u>

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 9,184,418
Supporting services	1,973,470
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 11,157,888

NOTE 6 – LEASES

District as lessee

The District, as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving educational facilities and equipment, and vehicles with lease terms ranging from 3 to 15 years. The total costs of these right-to-use lease assets are recorded as \$11,290,833, less accumulated amortization of \$2,936,333. The District has determined that as of June 30, 2023, there is no loss associated with an impairment of the right-to-use lease asset.

The future lease payments under lease agreements as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$	1,576,565	\$ 316,511	\$ 1,893,076
2025		1,662,274	230,801	1,893,075
2026		1,511,305	141,152	1,652,457
2027		860,614	63,470	924,084
2028		266,675	39,167	305,842
2029 - 2030		554,710	 31,487	 586,197
Total	<u>\$</u>	6,432,143	\$ 822,588	\$ 7,254,731

District as lessor

The District, as a lessor, has entered into lease agreements with third parties involving cell phone towers. The leases range from 25 to 50 years and the District will receive monthly payments of \$5,750. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue, interest revenue, and other lease-related inflows, recognized during the fiscal year was \$77,332. As of June 30, 2023, the District receivable for lease payments was \$1,281,792. Also, the District has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$1,281,792.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Certificate of Participation

Certificates of participation (COPs) are lease-financing agreements used by the District to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Under such agreements, the District makes regular payments over an annually renewable contract for the acquisition and use of the property. COPs have been issued for governmental activities. COPs are not considered general obligations of the District. COPs are secured by lease revenues through a lease-financing agreement.

Certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Original Borrowing	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Outstanding at Year-end
Governmental Activities				
Certificates of Participation 2015	\$ 70,575,000	2.00% - 5.00%	2039	\$ 55,035,000
Certificates of Participation 2017	79,615,000	3.00% - 5.00%	2042	63,115,000
Certificates of Participation 2021	85,000,000	4.00% - 5.00%	2046	 81,025,000
Total				\$ 199,175,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for certificates of participation are as follows:

E' 1 V		<u>vernmental</u>	Activities
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Princ	<u>ipal</u>	Interest
2024	\$ 7,8	75,000	\$ 8,685,787
2025	8,2	70,000	8,282,163
2026	8,6	80,000	7,858,412
2027	9,1	20,000	7,413,413
2028	7,0	65,000	7,008,788
2029 - 2033	40,6	75,000	29,618,963
2034 - 2038	50,4	55,000	19,804,643
2039 - 2043	47,5	10,000	8,850,625
2044 - 2047	19,5	25,000	1,600,100
Total	<u>\$ 199,1</u>	<u>75,000</u>	\$ 99,122,894

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One year
Governmental Activities					
Certificates of participation	\$ 206,735,000	\$ -	\$ (7,560,000)	\$ 199,175,000	\$ 7,875,000
Premiums	28,805,658		(1,320,582)	27,485,076	
Total	235,540,658	-	(8,880,582)	226,660,076	7,875,000
Leases	7,557,968	370,894	(1,496,719)	6,432,143	1,576,564
SBITAs liability	-	424,304	(71,623)	352,681	77,855
Compensated absences	4,166,089	5,586,527	(5,255,492)	4,497,124	209,148
Net pension liability	153,031,221	91,527,595	(22,964,783)	221,594,033	-
Net OPEB liability	7,403,674	1,419,165	(1,270,977)	7,551,862	
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 407,699,610</u>	\$ 99,328,485	\$ (39,940,176)	<u>\$ 467,087,919</u>	\$ 9,738,567

Certificates of participation are liquidated in the Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund. Leases are liquidated in the general fund. Approximately 90% of compensated absences, net pension liabilities, and net OPEB liabilities are normally liquidated in the general fund, with remaining amounts liquidated in other governmental funds.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2022. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2023: Eligible employees of, El Paso County Colorado School District 49 and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 11.00% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2022
	Through
	June 30, 2023
Employer contribution rate	11.40%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as	
specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	10.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in	
C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	20.38%

^{**}Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from El Paso County Colorado School District 49 were \$19,348,119 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructed the State treasurer to issue an additional direct distribution to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon enactment. The July 1, 2023, payment is reduced by \$190 million (actual dollars) to \$35 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2024, payment will not be reduced due to PERA's negative investment return in 2022. Senate Bill (SB) 23-056, enacted June 2, 2023, requires an additional direct distribution of approximately \$14.5 million (actual dollars), for a total of approximately \$49.5 million (actual dollars) to be contributed July 1, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TPL to December 31, 2022. The El Paso County Colorado School District 49 proportion of the net pension liability was based on El Paso County Colorado School District 49 contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2022 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2023, the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 reported a liability of \$221,594,033 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected an increase for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with El Paso County Colorado School District 49 were as follows:

El Paso County Colorado School District 49 proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 221,594,033
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the El Paso County Colorado School District 49	64,574,728
Total	\$ 286,168,761

At December 31, 2022, the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 proportion was 1.2169167693%, which was a decrease of 0.0980820091% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 recognized pension expense of \$3,655,004 and revenue of \$7,593,594 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2023, the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,097,149	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	3,925,153	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	29,768,242	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	4,728,345	19,567,873
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	9,684,334	N/A
Total	\$ 50,203,223	\$ 19,567,873

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

\$9,684,334 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (3,920,261)
2025	(1,840,862)
2026	9,397,462
2027	17,314,864
2028	-
Thereafter	1

Actuarial assumptions. The TPL in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40% - 11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07;	1.00%
and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the AIR

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared at least every five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- HB 22-1029, effective upon enactment in 2022, required the State treasurer to issue, in addition to the regularly scheduled \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution, a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2023, direct distribution is reduced by \$190 million (actual dollars) to \$35 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2024, direct distribution will not be reduced from \$225 million (actual dollars) due to PERA's negative investment return in 2022.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 289,990,378	\$ 221,594,033	\$ 164,476,098

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 *et seq.* specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from El Paso County Colorado School District 49 were \$968,306 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 reported a liability of \$7,551,862 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2022. The El Paso County Colorado School District 49 proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on El Paso County Colorado School District 49 contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2022 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2022, the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 proportion was 0.9249302941%, which was an increase of 0.0663391822% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 recognized OPEB expense of \$(726,092). At June 30, 2023, the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	980	\$	1,826,293
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		121,379		833,492
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		461,253		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions		940,669		141,123
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		484,655		N/A
Total	\$	2,008,936	\$	2,800,908

\$484,655 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (541,087)
2025	(566,659)
2026	(203,962)
2027	116,859
2028	(66,216)
Thereafter	(15,562)

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions. The TOL in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40% - 11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	6.50% in 2022,
·	gradually decreasing
	to 4.50% in 2030
Medicare Part A premiums	3.75% in 2022,
•	gradually increasing
	to 4.50% in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

The TOL for the HCTF, as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date, was adjusted to reflect the disaffiliation, allowable under C.R.S. § 24-51-313, of Tri-County Health Department (TriCounty Health), effective December 31, 2022. As of the close of the 2022 fiscal year, no disaffiliation payment associated with Tri-County Health was received, and therefore no disaffiliation dollars were reflected in the FNP as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date.

Beginning January 1, 2022, the per capita health care costs are developed by plan option; based on 2022 premium rates for the UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug (MAPD) PPO plan #1, the UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plan #2, and the Kaiser Permanente MAPD HMO plan. Actuarial morbidity factors are then applied to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age, gender, and health care cost trend. This approach applies for all members and is adjusted accordingly for those not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for the PERA benefit structure.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Age-Related Morbidity Assumptions

Participant Age	Annual Increase (Male)	Annual Increase (Female)
65-69	3.0%	1.5%
70	2.9%	1.6%
71	1.6%	1.4%
72	1.4%	1.5%
73	1.5%	1.6%
74	1.5%	1.5%
75	1.5%	1.4%
76	1.5%	1.5%
77	1.5%	1.5%
78	1.5%	1.6%
79	1.5%	1.5%
80	1.4%	1.5%
81 and older	0.0%	0.0%

Sample Age		PPO #1 with are Part A		PO #2 with re Part A	MAPD HMO (Kaiser) with Medicare Part A							
	Retire	e/Spouse	Retiree	/Spouse	Retiree/Spouse							
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female						
65	\$1,704	\$1,450	\$1,450 \$583		\$1,923	\$1,634						
70	\$1,976	\$1,561	\$676	\$534	\$2,229	\$1,761						
75	\$2,128	\$1,681	\$728	\$575	\$2,401	\$1,896						

Sample Age		O #1 without are Part A		O #2 without re Part A	MAPD HMO (Kaiser) without Medicare Part A						
Sumple rige		e/Spouse		/Spouse	Retiree/Spouse						
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female					
65	\$6,514	\$5,542	\$4,227	\$3,596	\$6,752	\$5,739					
70	\$7,553	\$5,966	\$4,901	\$3,872	\$7,826	\$6,185					
75	\$8,134	\$6,425	\$5,278	\$4,169	\$8,433	\$6,657					

The 2022 Medicare Part A premium is \$499 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2021, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the TOL are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2022	6.50%	3.75%
2023	6.25%	4.00%
2024	6.00%	4.00%
2025	5.75%	4.00%
2026	5.50%	4.25%
2027	5.25%	4.25%
2028	5.00%	4.25%
2029	4.75%	4.50%
2030+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TOL for the HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Per capita health care costs in effect as of the December 31, 2021, valuation date for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to be age 65 and older and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits have been updated to reflect costs for the 2022 plan year.
- The December 31, 2021, valuation utilizes premium information as of January 1, 2022, as the initial per capita health care cost. As of that date, PERACare health benefits administration is performed by UnitedHealthcare. In that transition, the costs for the Medicare Advantage Option #2 decreased to a level that is lower than the maximum possible service-related subsidy as described in the plan provisions.
- The health care cost trend rates applicable to health care premiums were revised to reflect the then current expectation of future increases in those premiums. Medicare Part A premiums continued with the prior valuation trend pattern.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

Effective for the December 31, 2022, measurement date, the timing of the retirement decrement was adjusted to middle-of-year within the valuation programming used to determine the TOL, reflecting a recommendation from the 2022 actuarial audit report, dated October 13, 2022, summarizing the results of the actuarial audit performed on the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared at least every five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in	Current Trend	1% Increase in
	Trend Rates	Rates	Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate ¹	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	3.00%	4.00%	5.00%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 7,338,110	\$ 7,551,862	\$ 7,784,445

¹For the January 1, 2023, plan year.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

• Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 8,754,844	\$ 7,551,862	\$ 6,552,923

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District accounts for and finances its risk activities in the General and Health Insurance Internal Service Funds.

The District purchases commercial insurance for property, liability and worker's compensation risks of loss. Under the District's employee health plan, the District provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$200,000 per employee for each calendar year. Settlements have not exceeded premiums for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Claims liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements and the internal service fund if information available prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Net claims payable as of 6/30/2022	\$ 627,792
Claims presented	11,048,937
Claims paid	(11,004,032)
Net claims payable as of 6/30/2023	<u>\$ 672,697</u>

NOTE 11 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The District in conjunction with other surrounding districts created the Colorado Digital Board of Cooperative Educational Services dba Education ReEnvisioned (BOCES). The BOCES is an organization that utilizes research based learning and technology applications to provide an innovative model of public school education adapted to the needs of elementary, middle and high school students throughout the State of Colorado. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for the BOCES. Financial statements for the BOCES can be obtained from their office at 4035 Tutt Blvd, Colorado Springs, 80922.

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. However, in the opinion of the District, any such adjustments will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

Legal

The District is involved in pending or threatened lawsuits and claims. The District estimates that potential claims not covered by insurance or accrued for, resulting from such litigation, would not materially affect the financial statements of the District.

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Construction commitments

The District has active construction projects as of June 30, 2023. The projects are for mill levy override projects. At year end the District's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Ç,	pent-to-Date	Remaining ommitment
Troject	اد	ociii-io-Daic	 OHIHHHHHICH
Bennett Ranch project	\$	1,307,797	\$ 19,667,082
Vista Ridge Project	\$	16,872,450	\$ 12,000
Concurrent Enrollment Project	\$	1,260,000	\$ -
Transportation Project	\$	16,626,497	\$ 4,705,965
Other Projects	\$	1,570,882	\$ 2,157,761

NOTE 13 - TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations including revenue raising, spending abilities and other specific requirements of state and local governments, including school districts.

The amendment requires emergency reserves be established. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending. The District is not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls or salary and benefit increases. At June 30, 2023 there is a \$5,800,000 reservation of fund balance in the General Fund for the amendment.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior years' spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. Revenue in excess of the limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

The amendment requires, with certain exceptions, voter approval prior to imposing new taxes, increasing tax rate, increasing a mill levy above that for the prior year, extending an expiring tax, or implementing a tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

On November 7, 2001, the registered voters approved a ballot resolution authorizing the District to collect, retain and expend all revenues from any source provided that no property tax mill levy be increased or any new tax be imposed.

On November 8, 2016, the registered voters approved a ballot resolution authorizing the District to collect up to \$3,300,000 in property tax revenue in 2017 and such additional amounts generated annually thereafter by continuing to collect 10.159 mills that is currently being levied to be used for general fund purposes including rental payments on lease-purchase financings and for other capital improvements and for operations priorities.

The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment. However, the District has made certain interpretations of the amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.

NOTE 14 – COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT/BOCES, ELECTRONIC DATA INTEGRITY CHECK FIGURES

The School Finance Act requires inclusion of the Colorado School District/BOCES, Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures as a supplement schedule to the audited financial statements. The Report is based on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the financial policies and procedures of the Colorado Department of Education.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2023

	 2022		2021	2020		2019 20		2018	2017		2016		2015		2014		_	2013	
School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.2169167693%	1.3149987784%			1.4399016433%		1.3067887449%		1.3039476734%	1.4359441087%			1.3818103030%		1.3190171248%		1.3054972089%		1.2885339442%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 221,594,033	\$	153,031,221	\$	217,684,086	\$	195,231,403	s	230,890,719	\$	464,333,291	\$	411,418,362	\$	201,734,357	\$	176,938,723	s	164,352,157
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the School	64,574,728		17,543,075		-		24,762,620		31,571,099		-		-		-		-		-
Total	\$ 286,168,761	\$	170,574,296	\$	217,684,086	\$	219,994,023	\$	262,461,818	\$	464,333,291	\$	411,418,362	\$	201,734,357	\$	176,938,723	\$	164,352,157
School's covered payroll	\$ 93,893,863	\$	82,182,942	\$	77,036,611	\$	76,787,055	\$	71,685,007	\$	66,238,405	\$	62,018,121	\$	57,482,464	\$	54,690,968	\$	51,944,906
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	236.00%		186.21%		282.57%		254.25%		322.09%		701.00%		663.38%		350.95%		323.52%		316.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.8%		74.9%		67.0%		64.5%		57.0%		44.0%		43.1%		59.2%		62.8%		64.1%

^{*} The amounts presented for each year were determined as of 12/31.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PAYROLL CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023	2022	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016		2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 19,348,119	\$ 17,437,302	\$	15,163,379	s	15,234,289	\$	14,294,842	\$ 12,830,800	\$	11,827,435	\$ 10,594,225	\$	9,120,293	\$ 8,015,173
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (19,348,119)	(17,437,302)		(15,163,379)		(15,234,289)		(14,294,842)	(12,830,800)	_	(11,827,435)	(10,594,225)		(9,120,293)	(8,015,173)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$
School's covered payroll	\$ 94,936,795	\$ 87,712,785	\$	76,274,540	\$	78,608,303	\$	74,724,738	\$ 67,959,745	\$	64,349,481	\$ 59,753,100	s	54,030,172	\$ 50,157,530
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.38%	19.88%		19.88%		19.38%		19.13%	18.88%		18.38%	17.73%		16.88%	15.98%

 $^{^{*}}$ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2023

	2022			2021	 2020	 2019	2018	2017	 2016
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0	.9249302941%		0.8585911119%	0.8330569351%	0.8539882255%	0.8475729817%	0.8159079345%	0.7854398460%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	7,551,862	\$	7,403,674	\$ 7,915,915	\$ 9,598,811	\$ 11,531,586	\$ 10,603,540	\$ 10,183,495
School's covered payroll	\$	93,871,078	\$	82,182,942	\$ 77,036,611	\$ 76,787,055	\$ 71,685,007	\$ 66,238,405	\$ 62,018,121
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		8.04%		9.01%	10.28%	12.50%	16.09%	16.01%	16.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		38.6%		39.4%	32.8%	24.5%	17.0%	17.5%	16.7%

^{*} The amounts presented for each year were determined as of 12/31.

^{*} Complete 10-year information to be presented in future years as it becomes available.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PAYROLL CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 968,306	\$ 894,737	\$ 778,046	\$ 801,836	\$ 762,204	\$ 693,010	\$ 656,165
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (968,306)	 (894,737)	 (778,046)	 (801,836)	 (762,204)	 (693,010)	 (656,165)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
School's covered payroll	\$ 94,936,795	\$ 87,712,785	\$ 76,274,540	\$ 78,608,303	\$ 74,724,738	\$ 67,959,745	\$ 64,349,481
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

^{*} Complete 10-year information to be presented in future years as it becomes available.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 34,512,211	\$ 34,777,127	\$ 59,524,123	\$ 24,746,996
Specific ownership taxes	10,482,166	12,791,340	6,053,233	(6,738,107)
State sources	95,198,267	92,028,108	101,625,704	9,597,596
Federal sources	756,233	677,868	807,900	130,032
Other local revenue	5,424,209	5,321,454	11,037,206	5,715,752
Total revenues	146,373,086	145,595,897	179,048,166	33,452,269
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	86,605,759	95,836,050	88,233,672	7,602,378
Supporting services				
Student support	8,184,964	8,491,772	10,361,126	(1,869,354)
Instructional staff	6,187,760	6,212,649	5,672,376	540,273
General administration	1,643,364	1,809,694	2,766,079	(956,385)
School administration	14,278,224	14,310,557	15,049,081	(738,524)
Business services	1,940,191	1,713,534	3,324,361	(1,610,827)
Operations and maintenance	13,392,000	13,415,387	15,343,585	(1,928,198)
Student transportation	3,701,706	3,498,781	2,988,211	510,570
Central support service	10,801,152	11,105,542	11,612,369	(506,827)
Other support services	2,600	8,546	246,834	(238,288)
Facilities acquisition & construction	132,602	88,767	1,013,437	(924,670)
Debt service	-	4,737	1,981,670	(1,976,933)
Contingency reserves	4,127,409	2,827,245		2,827,245
Total expenditures	150,997,731	159,323,261	158,596,457	726,804
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,624,645)	(13,727,364)	20,451,709	34,179,073
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	6,672,296	5,885,564	(20,844,311)	(26,729,875)
Lease proceeds			795,199	795,199
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,672,296	5,885,564	(20,049,112)	(25,934,676)
Net change in fund balance	2,047,651	(7,841,800)	402,597	8,244,397
Fund balance - beginning	23,444,581	27,814,240	32,502,196	4,687,956
Fund balance - ending	\$ 25,492,232	\$ 19,972,440	\$ 32,904,793	\$ 12,932,353

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 GOVERNMENTAL DESIGNATED PURPOSE GRANTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ -	\$ (300,000)
State sources	550,000	550,000	179,442	(370,558)
Federal sources	31,150,000	31,150,000	20,222,247	(10,927,753)
Total revenues	32,000,000	32,000,000	20,401,689	(11,598,311)
EXPENDITURES				
Salaries	7,541,533	7,541,533	6,851,637	689,896
Benefits	1,447,737	1,447,737	2,256,744	(809,007)
Purchased Services	4,855,000	4,855,000	8,462,196	(3,607,196)
Supplies	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,651,190	(651,190)
Property and Equipment	300,000	300,000	1,164,825	(864,825)
Other	16,855,730	16,855,730	15,097	16,840,633
Total expenditures	32,000,000	32,000,000	20,401,689	11,598,311
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance - beginning				
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District has the following Special Revenue Funds:

Food Service Fund

This fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the District's school lunch program.

Other Special Revenue Fund

This fund is used to account for other local revenues comprised of donations and local grants.

Pupil Activity Fund

This fund is used to record financial transactions related to school-sponsored pupil intrascholastic and interscholastic athletic and related events. These activities are supported by revenues from pupils, gate receipts and other fund-raising activities.

Transportation Fund

This fund is used to account for revenues from a tax levied or a fee imposed for the purpose of paying excess transportation costs pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22-40-102(1.7)(a) or 22-32-113(5)(a), C.R.S., respectively.

Kids Corner Fund

This fund is a pupil activity fund. It is used to record financial transactions related to the Kids Corner program.

Other Activities Fund

This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to school sponsored student intra-scholastic athlete and other related activities.

Debt Service Fund

Certificate of Participation Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal, interest, and related expenditures on COP debt.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Reserve Fund

This fund is used to account for the purposes and limitations specified by Section 22-45-103(1)(c), C.R.S., including the acquisition of sites, buildings, equipment, and vehicles.

Capital Projects Mill Levy Fund

This fund accounts for all resources provided through mill levy overrides for acquiring and improving capital sites, buildings, and equipment.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Fo	ood Service Fund	er Special enue Fund	Pu	pil Activity Fund	Tra	ansportation Fund	K	iids Corner Fund	Otl	ner Activities Fund	P	ertificate of articipation lebt Service Fund	Caj	Capital Reserve Fund		Capital Projects Mill Levy Fund		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS		261.242		•			15.564		104.000		450 456					•		•	024260
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	261,242	\$ -	\$	-	\$	15,764	\$	104,898	\$	452,456	\$	5,146,702	\$	-	\$	98,227,853	\$	834,360 103,374,555
Intergovernmental receivable		308,064	179,450		-		-		-		11,665		5,140,702		-		90,227,033		499,179
Other receivable		6,067	-		_		131,813		_		-		_		1,281,792		_		1,419,672
Due from other funds		3,017,059	160,772		761,639		-		197,332		673,101		13,444,353		4,676,291		_		22,930,547
Inventories		100,468	 -		-				-		-				-				100,468
Total assets	\$	3,692,900	\$ 340,222	\$	761,639	\$	147,577	\$	302,230	\$	1,137,222	\$	18,591,055	\$	5,958,083	\$	98,227,853	\$	129,158,781
LIABILITIES																			
Accounts payable and other																			
accrued liabilities	\$	/	\$ -	\$	20,365	\$		\$	1,214	\$	10,606	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,239,023	\$	1,571,448
Accrued salaries and benefits		135,355	-		-		116,274		107,000		-		-		-		-		358,629
Due to other funds		-	-		-		31,303		-		-		-		-		23,221,934		23,253,237
Unearned revenue			 340,222																340,222
Total liabilities		435,595	 340,222		20,365		147,577		108,214		10,606		_		-		24,460,957		25,523,536
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES																		
Unavailable revenue - Leases		-	 -		-		-		-		-		-		1,281,792		-		1,281,792
FUND BALANCES																			
Nonspendable		100,468	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		100,468
Restricted for:																			
Debt service		-	-		-		-		-		-		18,591,055		-		-		18,591,055
Committed for:																			
Pupil activities		2 156 027	-		741,274		-		194,016		1,126,616		-		-		-		2,061,906
Food Services Assigned:		3,156,837	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,156,837
Capital Projects		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,676,291		73,766,896		78,443,187
Total fund balances		3,257,305			741,274		-		194,016		1,126,616		18,591,055		4,676,291		73,766,896		102,353,453
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	3,692,900	\$ 340,222	\$	761,639	\$	147,577	\$	302,230	\$	1,137,222	\$	18,591,055	\$	5,958,083	\$	98,227,853	\$	129,158,781

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Fo	ood Service Fund	her Special venue Fund	Pu	pil Activity Fund	Tra	ansportation Fund	K	Kids Corner Fund	Oth	ner Activities Fund	P	ertificate of articipation Debt Service Fund	Cap	Capital Reserve Fund				Capital Projects Mill Levy Fund		al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES																					
Local sources	\$	2,179,731	\$ 190,094	\$	1,473,952	\$	324,742	\$	1,384,914	\$	2,105,390	\$	420,267	\$	917,033	\$	3,572,362	\$	12,568,485		
State sources		99,534	1,914,976		-		485,490		-		-		-		-		-		2,500,000		
Federal sources		3,490,730	 						-		-				-		-		3,490,730		
Total revenues		5,769,995	 2,105,070		1,473,952		810,232		1,384,914		2,105,390		420,267		917,033		3,572,362		18,559,215		
EXPENDITURES																					
Instruction		-	168,507		1,343,952		-		973,209		1,619,642		-		-		-		4,105,310		
Supporting services		-	1,930,671		380		1,973,170		46,069		161,869		-		677,501		246,137		5,035,797		
Community services		-	5,892		-		-		179,875		-		-	-			-		185,767		
Food service operations		5,744,520	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,744,520		
Facilities acquisition & construction		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		22,904,626		22,904,626		
Debt service			 										16,607,988						16,607,988		
Total expenditures		5,744,520	 2,105,070		1,344,332		1,973,170		1,199,153		1,781,511		16,607,988		677,501		23,150,763		54,584,008		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		25,475	-		129,620		(1,162,938)		185,761		323,879		(16,187,721)		239,532		(19,578,401)		(36,024,793)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (out))		 _		<u>-</u>		1,162,938						18,538,411		1,142,962		<u>-</u> _		20,844,311		
Net change in fund balances		25,475	-		129,620		-		185,761		323,879		2,350,690		1,382,494		(19,578,401)		(15,180,482)		
Fund balances - beginning		3,231,830	 -		611,654				8,255		802,737		16,240,365		3,293,797		93,345,297		117,533,935		
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,257,305	\$ -	\$	741,274	\$		\$	194,016	\$	1,126,616	\$	18,591,055	\$	4,676,291	\$	73,766,896	\$	102,353,453		

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 FOOD SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget			Actual	ariance with
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$	155,602	\$	2,179,731	\$ 2,024,129
State sources		-		99,534	99,534
Federal sources		5,221,464		3,490,730	 (1,730,734)
Total revenues		5,377,066		5,769,995	392,929
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries		1,827,601		1,931,845	(104,244)
Employee benefits		603,881		600,137	3,744
Purchased services		230,000		410,094	(180,094)
Supplies		1,308,072		2,340,745	(1,032,673)
Equipment		310,000		429,856	(119,856)
Other		50,000		31,843	18,157
Contingency reserve		1,282,037			 1,282,037
Total expenditures		5,611,591		5,744,520	(132,929)
Net change in fund balances		(234,525)		25,475	260,000
Fund balances - beginning		938,516		3,231,830	 2,293,314
Fund balances - ending	\$	703,991	\$	3,257,305	\$ 2,553,314

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget Actual				Variance with Final Budget			
REVENUES								
Local sources	\$	850,000	\$	190,094	\$	(659,906)		
State sources		31,150,000		1,914,976		(29,235,024)		
Total revenues		32,000,000		2,105,070		(29,894,930)		
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries		7,541,533		5,186		7,536,347		
Benefits		1,447,737		1,184		1,446,553		
Purchased Services		4,855,000		1,948,067		2,906,933		
Supplies		1,000,000		114,539		885,461		
Property and Equipment		300,000		28,721		271,279		
Other		16,855,730		7,373		16,848,357		
Total expenditures		32,000,000		2,105,070		29,894,930		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		
Fund balance - beginning		<u>-</u>						
Fund balance - ending	\$	_	\$		\$	-		

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 PUPIL ACTIVITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Final	Variance with	
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES			
Local sources	3,250,000	\$ 1,473,952	\$ (1,776,048)
Total revenues	3,250,000	1,473,952	(1,776,048)
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction	3,920,380	1,343,952	2,576,428
Supporting services	1,108	380	728
Total expenditures	3,921,488	1,344,332	2,577,156
Net change in fund balance	(671,488)	129,620	801,108
Fund balance - beginning	671,488	611,654	(59,834)
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ 741,274	\$ 741,274

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 TRANSPORTATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget	Actual	ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES		_	_
Local sources	\$ 1,662,115	\$ 324,742	\$ (1,337,373)
State sources	 447,141	485,490	38,349
Total revenues	 2,109,256	 810,232	 (1,299,024)
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries	945,211	980,348	(35,137)
Employee benefits	455,815	413,706	42,109
Purchased services	45,000	29,938	15,062
Fuel charges	 663,230	 549,178	114,052
Total expenditures	 2,109,256	 1,973,170	 136,086
Excess (deficiency) of			
revenues over expenditures	-	(1,162,938)	(1,162,938)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in (out)	 	 1,162,938	 1,162,938
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-
Fund balance - beginning	 		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 KIDS CORNER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
REVENUES	Buaget		1100001		iai Buaget	
Local sources	\$ 1,200,000	\$	1,384,914	\$	184,914	
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	973,925		973,209		716	
Supporting services	46,103		46,069		34	
Community service	180,007		179,875		132	
Total expenditures	 1,200,035		1,199,153		882	
Net change in fund balance	(35)		185,761		185,796	
Fund balance - beginning	 25,035		8,255		(16,780)	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 25,000	\$	194,016	\$	169,016	

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 OTHER ACTIVITIES FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final		V	ariance with
	 Budget	 Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES	 _	_		_
Local sources	\$ 3,250,000	\$ 2,105,390	\$	(1,144,610)
Total revenues	 3,250,000	2,105,390		(1,144,610)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	3,565,180	1,619,642		1,945,538
Supporting services	 356,308	 161,869		194,439
Total expenditures	 3,921,488	 1,781,511		2,139,977
Net change in fund balance	(671,488)	323,879		995,367
Fund balance - beginning	 671,488	802,737		131,249
Fund balance - ending	\$ 	\$ 1,126,616	\$	1,126,616

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 CERTIFICATE OF PARTICIPATION DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Final				ariance with
	E	Budget		Actual	F:	inal Budget
REVENUES						
Local sources	\$		\$	420,267	\$	420,267
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service						-
Principal		7,560,000		7,560,000		-
Interest		9,040,988		9,040,988		-
Other debt service		10,000		7,000		3,000
Total expenditures	1	6,610,988		16,607,988		3,000
Excess (deficiency) in revenues over expenditures	(1	6,610,988)	(16,187,721)		423,267
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in (out)	1	8,480,155		18,538,411		37,018,566
Net change in fund balance		1,869,167		2,350,690		37,441,833
Fund balance - beginning	1	7,361,279		16,240,365		(1,120,914)
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1	9,230,446	\$	18,591,055	\$	36,320,919

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final		Va	riance with
	 Budget	 Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 500,000	\$ 917,033	\$	417,033
Total revenues	 500,000	917,033		417,033
EXPENDITURES				
Supporting services	 1,000,000	 677,501		322,499
Total expenditures	 1,000,000	 677,501		322,499
Excess (deficiency) in revenues over expenditures	(500,000)	239,532		94,534
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	 	1,142,962		1,142,962
Net change in fund balance	(500,000)	1,382,494		739,532
Fund balance - beginning	 2,730,094	3,293,797		563,703
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2,230,094	\$ 4,676,291	\$	1,303,235

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 CAPITAL PROJECTS MILL LEVY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$ 500,000	\$ 3,572,362	\$	3,072,362	
EXPENDITURES					
Supporting services	\$ -	\$ 246,137	\$	(246,137)	
Facilities acquisition & construction	 80,000,000	22,904,626		57,095,374	
Total expenditures	 80,000,000	 23,150,763		56,849,237	
Net change in fund balance	(79,500,000)	(19,578,401)		59,921,599	
Fund balance - beginning	97,122,326	93,345,297		(3,777,029)	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 17,622,326	\$ 73,766,896	\$	56,144,570	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Risk Management Fund

This fund accounts for the Health Insurance Fund risk management activities of the District.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 RISK MANAGEMENT - HEALTH INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Final Budget	Actual		ariance with inal Budget
OPERATING REVENUES	_				
Premiums & employer contributions	\$	12,145,190	\$ 9,342,925	\$	(2,802,265)
Refunds & other revenue		50,000	 3,024,120		2,974,120
Total operating revenues		12,195,190	 12,367,045		171,855
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purchased medical services & supplies		10,788,674	11,061,943		(273,269)
Purchased management services		1,502,869	306,087		1,196,782
Contingency reserve		20,000	 		20,000
Total operating expenses		12,311,543	11,368,030		943,513
Operating income (loss)		(116,353)	999,015		1,115,368
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest and investment revenue		3,000	 80,302	-	77,302
Change in net position		(113,353)	1,079,317		1,192,670
Net position - beginning		238,977	 238,977		
Net position - ending	\$	125,624	\$ 1,318,294	\$	1,192,670

Statistical Section



Financial Trends - The schedules on pages 79 - 81 contain financial trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial condition has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - Pages 83 - 86 contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

Debt Capacity - Pages 87 - 91 present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information - Pages 92 - 93 offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Information - Pages 94 - 99 contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the Districts' financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	85,858,609	65,791,335	56,916,278	58,456,261	50,405,025	\$ 71,248,027	\$ 51,925,850	\$ 62,586,945	\$ 51,041,127 \$	37,296,989
Restricted	32,992,179	29,167,585	25,616,165	17,696,881	24,421,222	22,889,437	21,459,232	19,023,043	26,707,696	33,118,602
Unrestricted	(202,888,356)	(186,703,094)	(241,471,884)	(289,705,689)	(323,292,565)	(352,056,096)	(229,847,034)	(163,732,245)	(155,030,642)	9,606,890
Total governmental activities net position	(84,037,568)	(91,744,174)	(158,939,441)	(213,552,547)	(248,466,318)	(257,918,632)	(156,461,952)	(82,122,257)	(77,281,819)	80,022,481
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,691
Unrestricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,126,991
Total business-type activities in net position	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,230,682
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	85,858,609	65,791,335	56,916,278	58,456,261	50,405,025	71,248,027	51,925,850	62,586,945	51,041,127	37,400,680
Restricted	32,992,179	29,167,585	25,616,165	17,696,881	24,421,222	22,889,437	21,459,232	19,023,043	26,707,696	33,118,602
Unrestricted	(202,888,356)	(186,703,094)	(241,471,884)	(289,705,689)	(323,292,565)	(352,056,096)	(229,847,034)	(163,732,245)	(155,030,642)	10,733,881
Total primary government net position	(84,037,568)	(91,744,174)	(158,939,441)	(213,552,547)	(248,466,318)	\$ (257,918,632)	\$ (156,461,952)	\$ (82,122,257)	\$ (77,281,819) \$	81,253,163

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
Instruction \$	110,921,537 \$	67,349,723 \$	50,068,030 \$	68,403,466 \$	74,947,710	\$ 128,146,891	\$ 116,929,506	\$ 73,810,829	\$ 69,436,074	\$ 60,020,821
Supporting services	84,381,157	59,749,338	61,226,094	62,492,924	63,403,658	100,174,835	81,426,966	55,862,491	51,860,340	44,941,313
Community services	655,923	418,580	360,869	353,450	130,871	154,679	76,220	3,110	2,309	558
Facilitates acquisition & construction	7,443,174	603,007	1,659,897	2,954,703	-	-	4,238,269	2,313,108	1,555,578	956,249
Food services	5,312,622	5,337,166	3,197,021	3,729,021	4,120,435	3,960,940	3,869,435	3,450,685	3,563,638	-
Interest on long-term debt	8,347,308	9,048,542	5,922,266	6,290,810	6,340,784	6,705,889	6,326,064	4,957,824	5,940,860	5,711,616
Total governmental activities expenses	217,061,721	142,506,356	122,434,177	144,224,374	148,943,458	239,143,234	212,866,460	140,398,047	132,358,799	111,630,557
Business -type activities:										
Food services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,544,264
Total business-type expenses						-	-	-	-	3,544,264
Total primary government expenses \$	217,061,721 \$	142,506,356 \$	122,434,177 \$	144,224,374 \$	148,943,458	\$ 239,143,234	\$ 212,866,460	\$ 140,398,047	\$ 132,358,799	\$ 115,174,821
Program revenues										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services: Instruction	10,632,791	9,630,752	5,971,937	6,729,072	5,265,629	\$ 3,658,885	\$ 1,811,590	\$ 2,996,028	\$ 2,687,910	\$ 3,426,721
Charges for services: Other	13,154,535	12,147,426	13,372,099	12,624,536	11,749,320	12,367,512	11,722,420	11,029,543	10,787,460	7,605,632
Operating grants and contributions	40,828,110	43,574,219	31,819,644	23,075,615	19,820,526	18,024,232	17,241,849	15,591,007	14,378,042	10,912,740
Capital grants and contributions	40,977	17,384	934,393	940,543	1,097,682	1,048,808	1,775,996	704,005	2,835,468	175,389
Total governmental activities program revenues	64,656,413	65,369,781	52,098,073	43,369,766	37,933,157	35,099,437	32,551,855	30,320,583	30,688,880	22,120,482
Business -type activities	* ',** *, '	,,	,,	,,,,	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
Food services										
Charges for services	2,130,624	119,957	48,656	1,500,197	1,619,045	_	_	_	_	1,783,467
Operating grants and contributions	2,130,02	-		-		_	_	_	_	1,804,446
Total business-type activities program revenues	2,130,624	119,957	48,656	1,500,197	1,619,045	_	_	_	_	3,587,913
Total primary government program revenues	66,787,037	65,489,738	52,146,729	44,869,963	39,552,202	35,099,437	32,551,855	30,320,583	30,688,880	25,708,395
Net (expense) revenue	00,707,037	05,107,750	32,110,729	11,007,703	37,332,202	33,077,137	32,331,033	30,320,303	50,000,000	23,700,373
Governmental activities	(150,274,684)	(77,016,618)	(70,287,412)	(99,354,411)	(109,391,256)	(204,043,797)	(180,314,605)	(110,077,464)	(101,669,919)	(89,510,075)
Business -type activities	(130,274,084)	(77,010,018)	(70,267,412)	(99,334,411)	(109,391,230)	(204,043,797)	(100,514,005)	(110,077,404)	(101,009,919)	43,649
	(150,274,684) \$	(77,016,618) \$	(70,287,412) \$	(99,354,411) \$	(100 201 256)	\$(204,043,797)	\$ (190 214 605)	\$ (110 077 464)	\$(101,660,010)	
1 10 11	(130,274,064) \$	(77,010,010) \$	(70,267,412) \$	(99,334,411) \$	(109,391,230)	\$(204,043,797)	\$(100,314,003)	\$(110,077,404)	\$(101,009,919)	\$ (89,400,420)
General revenues										
Governmental activities	50 450 504	56,000,054	20 101 200	44.000.225	26052402	25 455 405	24.605.521	22 264 771	25.022.210	25.515.052
Property taxes	59,479,584	56,988,074	28,191,208	44,889,325	36,953,482	35,475,485	34,687,531	33,364,551	25,822,318	27,517,073
Specific ownership taxes	6,053,233	5,636,092	3,279,486	4,710,478	4,656,501	4,649,510	4,241,772	3,676,411	2,762,983	2,737,200
State equalization	83,539,623	77,291,379	93,287,994	82,180,476	75,552,264	69,913,832	67,533,346	65,914,912	71,655,103	61,879,292
Investment earnings	5,505,678	513,568	185,231	702,199	1,233,685	1,441,278	518,461	84,202	36,042	43,126
Grant and Contrib not related to specific pgrams	741,792	1,020,620	995,252	1,359,314	2.454.002	026 417	050 011	474.011	414.277	475 420
Miscellaneous revenues Total governmental activities	2,667,294	2,762,151	11,565,466	997,364	2,454,903	936,417	859,811 \$ 107.840.921	474,011	414,377	475,430
	157,987,204 \$	144,211,884 \$	137,504,637 \$	134,839,156 \$	120,850,835	\$ 112,416,522	\$ 107,840,921	\$ 103,514,087	\$ 100,690,823	\$ 92,652,121
Business-type activities										4.656
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,656
Miscellaneous revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.656
Total business-type activities	157.007.204	144 211 004	127 504 627	124 020 156	120.050.025	110 416 500	107.040.021	102 514 007	100 (00 022	4,656
Total primary government	157,987,204	144,211,884	137,504,637	134,839,156	120,850,835	112,416,522	107,840,921	103,514,087	100,690,823	92,656,777
Transfers										667.100
Governmental activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	665,189
Business-type activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes in net position	5 510 500	(7.105.0//	(5.015.005	25 404 545	11 450 5=0	(01 (07 5	(70 470 60 0	(2.5(2.5==)	(0 = 0.000	2 00 7 22 7
Governmental activities	7,712,520	67,195,266	67,217,225	35,484,745	11,459,579	(91,627,275)	(72,473,684)	(3,563,377)	(979,096)	3,807,235
Prior period adjustment	-	(158,945,354)	(215,747,665)	(249,037,292)	(255,911,367)	(166,291,357)	(83,970,268)	-	-	-
Business-type activities	(0.1.0.2.2.2.0)	(04 ==0 000)	(110 -00 110)	(212 222 212	-	-	-	-	-	48,305
Total primary government	(84,037,568) \$	(91,750,088) \$	(148,530,440) \$	(213,552,547) \$	(244,451,788)	\$(257,918,632)	\$(156,443,952)	\$ (3,563,377)	\$ (979,096)	\$ 3,855,540

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 110,127	\$ 121,316	\$ 110,127	\$ 217,625	\$ 113,697	\$ 297,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	14,401,124	12,927,220	10,997,590	10,703,023	8,964,656	15,320,653	16,392,528	11,118,279	10,929,805	18,477,589
Committed	11,211,051	11,200,000	9,700,000	7,143,056	-	6,779,158	8,399,319	7,639,917	7,311,636	5,926,591
Assigned	7,182,491	7,380,599	4,911,031	5,629,596	2,750,171	-	123,846	2,006,325	2,658,563	1,442,415
Unassigned	-	878,975	2,639,733		5,635,397					
Total general fund	32,904,793	32,508,110	28,358,481	23,693,300	17,463,921	22,397,775	24,915,693	20,764,521	20,900,004	25,846,595
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	100,468	91,868	72,021	104,046	164,303	110,857	158,317	183,162	196,826	-
Restricted	18,591,055	16,240,635	14,618,575	12,911,221	9,666,340	7,568,784	5,087,704	7,904,764	15,777,891	14,641,013
Committed	5,218,743	4,562,608	2,097,801	2,247,190	1,394,016	34,328,722	78,803,416	1,604,279	1,996,455	792,753
Assigned	78,443,187	96,639,094	3,715,250	2,717,877	4,724,354	1,563,668	1,526,795	419,545	160,020	112,581
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	102,353,453	117,534,205	20,503,647	17,980,334	15,949,013	43,572,031	85,576,232	10,111,750	18,131,192	15,546,347
Total governmental funds	135,258,246	150,042,315	48,862,128	41,673,634	33,412,934	65,969,806	110,491,925	30,876,271	39,031,196	41,392,942

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Governmental Fund Balances

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues										
Local sources	89,183,047	78,662,303	64,386,283	62,660,691	55,648,931	\$ 52,710,499	\$48,276,157	\$ 45,351,070	\$ 35,283,456	\$ 35,954,331
State sources	104,305,146	93,252,560	82,292,701	93,229,232	86,204,246	78,467,059	75,829,997	73,529,158	78,220,600	67,010,620
Federal sources	24,520,877	27,883,063	22,891,671	14,433,756	10,898,756	8,665,810	8,510,701	7,341,539	6,920,031	5,010,456
Tuition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	218,009,070	199,797,926	169,570,655	170,323,679	152,751,933	139,843,368	132,616,855	126,221,767	120,424,087	107,975,407
Expenditures										
Instruction	104,106,038	96,615,019	75,269,774	80,653,235	78,687,473	68,851,602	66,288,594	62,578,937	57,030,514	54,269,244
Supporting services	80,567,952	70,219,611	66,945,640	63,140,301	57,628,291	51,676,722	48,541,524	43,620,742	39,810,635	38,253,961
Community services	655,923	418,581	360,869	462,473	406,541	155,963	76,220	3,110	2,309	1,501
Facilities acquisition and construction	23,918,063	9,875,249	1,970,175	4,979,959	30,991,227	48,098,885	7,604,275	2,292,721	5,182,557	1,023,064
Food service	5,744,520	5,348,605	3,208,124	3,784,969	4,120,434	3,960,940	3,869,434	3,450,686	3,563,638	1,023,004
Charter schools	3,744,320	5,546,005	5,206,124	3,764,909	4,120,434	3,900,940	3,009,434	3,430,080	3,303,036	-
Debt service	18,589,658	18,401,114	14,515,153	16,629,630	12,982,105	13,739,748	15,190,455	10,927,333	13,830,071	13,722,953
Interest	10,309,030	10,401,114	14,313,133	10,029,030	12,982,103	13,/39,/40	13,190,433	329,419	7,725,000	5,207,569
Principal	-							4,155,000	4,016,466	7,705,000
Total expenditures	233,582,154	200,878,179	162,269,735	169,650,567	184,816,071	186,483,860	141,570,502	122,873,529	119,419,724	107,270,723
Total expellutures	233,362,134	200,878,179	102,209,733	109,030,307	104,010,071	100,403,000	141,370,302	122,673,329	119,419,724	107,270,723
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,573,084)	(1,080,253)	7,300,920	673,112	(32,064,138)	(46,640,492)	(8,953,647)	3,348,238	1,004,363	704,684
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	20,844,311	17,977,694	14,484,356	-	-	(15,862,081)	-	(420,884)	-	-
Transfers out	(20,844,311)	(17,977,694)	(14,484,356)	-	-	15,862,081	-	420,844	-	902,055
Capital lease proceeds	795,199	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital lease issuance		-	-	6,683,133	666,973	2,121,373	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(821,842)	-	-	-	-	-	(19,472,793)	-	-
Payments to escrow agent		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(85,197,394)	(3,592,625)
Refunding bond proceeds		85,000,000	-	-	-	-	79,615,000	8,780,000	74,313,571	3,470,000
Premium on bond issued		18,082,011	-	-	-	-	8,951,301	-	6,353,565	183,890
Total other financing sources (uses)	795,199	102,260,169	-	6,683,133	666,973	2,121,373	88,566,301	(10,692,833)	(4,530,258)	963,320
Net change in fund balances	\$ (14,777,885) \$	101,179,916 \$	7,300,920 \$	7,356,245 \$	(31,397,165)	\$ (44,519,119)	\$ 79,612,654	\$ (7,344,595)	\$ (3,525,895)	\$ 1,668,004
Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.9%	9.6%	9.1%	10.1%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%	9.1%	12.1%	12.9%

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessment Rates

									Taxable Assessed		
				Industrial,	State Assessed,				Value as a		
Assessment	Collection		Commercial	Agricultural, And	Vacant Land, and	Total Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated Actual	Percentage of Actual		
Year	Year	Residential Property	Property	Natural Resources	Other	Assessed Value	Tax Rate	Taxable Value	Value	Residential	All others
2022	2023	961,491,454	246,587,792	11,304,180	94,994,554	1,314,377,980	45.159	15,072,743,985	8.72%	6.95%	29.00%
2021	2022	945,353,710	234,687,190	11,260,730	97,150,270	1,288,451,900	44.111	14,404,331,585	8.94%	7.15%	29.00%
2020	2021	784,854,560	205,041,770	10,905,290	79,587,670	1,080,389,290	43.021	11,994,723,269	9.01%	7.15%	29.00%
2019	2020	755,037,290	207,452,670	12,052,080	74,603,170	1,049,145,210	43.189	11,572,795,889	9.07%	7.15%	29.00%
2018	2019	607,683,060	193,864,610	11,842,400	69,562,920	882,952,990	43.045	9,389,791,154	9.40%	7.20%	29.00%
2017	2018	573,363,440	185,587,750	12,520,430	69,103,130	840,574,750	43.648	8,727,717,738	9.63%	7.20%	29.00%
2016	2017	543,363,800	160,323,070	12,986,880	65,498,680	782,172,430	44.417	7,652,257,611	10.22%	7.96%	29.00%
2015	2016	518,510,430	157,253,610	11,800,340	64,408,090	751,972,470	44.635	7,318,389,792	10.28%	7.96%	29.00%
2014	2015	462,675,840	152,800,100	11,201,630	63,046,990	689,724,560	45.796	6,594,766,136	10.46%	7.96%	29.00%
2013	2014	442,234,860	147,150,700	11,405,580	63,806,180	664,597,320	45.617	6,321,813,966	10.51%	7.96%	29.00%

Source: El Paso County Treasurer's office

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxing Authority	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
El Paso County School District 49	26.450	25.450	24.450	24.450	24.450	24.450	24.450	24.450	24.450	24.450
General Fund	26.459	25.459	24.459	24.459	24.459	24.459	24.459	24.459	24.459	24.459
Mill Levy Override	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.500	18.500	19.081	13.756	9.800	9.800	9.800
Abatement (1)	0.1999	0.152	0.062	0.230	0.086	0.108	0.222	0.217	0.325	0.146
Bond Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.98	10.159	11.212	11.212
Total for El Paso Count School District 49	45.159	44.111	43.021	43.189	43.045	43.648	44.417	44.635	45.796	45.617
City Of Colorado Springs	3.929	3.929	4.279	4.279	4.279	4.279	4.279	4.279	4.279	4.279
El Paso County	4.809	6.696	7.692	7.035	8.068	7.965	7.919	7.791	7.714	7.663
Fire Districts										
Black Forest	14.951	14.500	15.139	12.549	10.052	10.114	10.178	10.237	10.356	10.382
Cimarron Hills	16.621	16.200	16.200	16.200	16.200	16.200	15.286	15.286	15.290	14.390
Falcon	14.886	14.886	14.886	14.886	14.886	8.612	8.612	8.612	8.612	8.612
Elbert	9.067	7.484	7.715	7.528	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	4.575	4.575
Ellicott	15.030	8.113	8.496	8.589	9.451	9.515	9.850	9.760	10.220	10.290
Water Districts										
Up Blk Sqrll GW	1.062	1.005	1.056	1.029	1.065	1.065	1.063	1.057	1.082	1.082
Sanitation water districts										
Westmoor SWD		34.943	37.165	34.998	38.277	36.953	36.836	34.943	41.288	34.956
Special Districts										
Barnes & Pow N BID	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	47.000	45.000
Barnes & Pow S BID	19.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	21.000	21.000	21.000	21.000	21.000	21.000
EPC PID #2	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000
First & Main BID	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000
First & Main BID #2	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000
First & Main North BID	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	51.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000
Stetson Hills SIMD	3.858	3.858	3.858	3.858	3.858	3.858	3.858	3.858	3.858	3.858
Metropolitan Districts	50.215	50.405	10.620	40.702	40.604	40.604	60.000	45.000	45.000	45.000
4-Way Ranch #1	50.315	50.485	48.638	48.792	48.694	48.694	60.000	45.000	45.000	45.000
Banning Lewis Ranch #2	51.537	50.097	50.097	50.097	49.749	49.749	45.000	50.000	50.000	50.000
Banning Lewis Ranch #3	41.757	40.594	40.594	55.664	55.277	55.277	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000
Banning Lewis Ranch #4	56.702	55.664	55.664	55.664	55.277	55.277	-	-	-	-
Banning Lewis Ranch #5 Banning Lewis Ranch #8	54.982 51.380	55.664 55.664	55.664 55.664	55.664	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banning Lewis Ranch Reg 1		11.132		11.131	11.055		10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000
	11.348 10.265	11.132	11.131	11.131	-	11.055	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000
Banning Lewis Ranch Reg 2 Bent Grass	38.641	38.641	38.641	36.162	36.149	36.149	35.000	35.000	30.000	30.000
Bobcat Meadows	12.724	12.724	12.724	12.724	12.636	12.636	11.430	11.430	11.430	11.430
Central Marksheffel	27.637	27.637	27.637	33.164	33.164	33.164	30.000	30.000	30.000	40.000
Constitution Heights MD	27.830	27.830	27.830	27.830	27.637	27.637	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000
Dublin North #2	37.077	44.436	44.436	40.000	44.120	44.138	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000
Falcon Highlands	40.713	47.658	43.280	43.082	39.799	39.720	35.000	35.000	35.000	35.000
Latigo Creek	5.539	5.539	5.539	5.539	5.500	5.500	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000
Meridian Ranch	31.498	27.498	27.498	27.498	27.498	27.498	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000
Paintbrush Hills	21.437	19.710	19.960	18.537	19.902	19.813	18.063	22.107	22.107	22.107
Paintbrush Hills Sub A	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Sterling Ranch #1	66.841	66.796	55.663	55.663	55.275	55.275	50.000	50.000	-	-
Sterling Ranch #2	55.663	66.796	66.795	55.663	55.275	55.275	50.000	50.000	60.000	_
Sterling Ranch #3	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	60.000	_
Stetson Ridge #2	32.650	33.631	27.140	27.140	26.987	27.008	24.472	24.472	24.472	24.472
Stetson Ridge #3	38.949	38.313	38.553	38.553	39.188	37.894	35.000	35.000	35.000	35.000
Woodmen Heights #2	38.518	38.518	38.518	44.529	44.220	44.220	40.000	42.000	42.000	42.000
Woodmen Heights #3	29.600	34.600	34.600	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	42.000	42.000	42.000
Woodmen Road	0.000	4.000	11.657	11.680	11.599	11.599	10.800	10.800	10.800	10.800

Source: El Paso County Abstract of Assessments

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Colorado Revised Statues Require that districts shall levy, in the next fiscal year, the mill levy that is necessary to recoup property tax abatements granted after the mill levy is certified for the fiscal year.
Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within El Paso County School District 49.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within El Paso County School District 49 Not all overlapping rates apply to all District property owners. The rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year

2022

_	Assessed Valuation	Rank	% of Total Valuation
Amazon.Com Services LLC	114,620,100	1	1.55%
Cellco Partnership (f/k/a Verizon Wireless)	98,024,020	2	1.32%
Broadmoor Hotel Inc.	47,161,920	3	0.64%
Comcast of Colorado	36,009,230	4	0.49%
Qwest Corporation	29,387,600	5	0.40%
Federal Express Corp (FedEx)	27,138,500	6	0.37%
ENT Credit Union	22,693,400	7	0.31%
Wal-Mart Real Estate	18,675,960	8	0.25%
Palmer Center Owner LLC	17,284,010	9	0.23%
TRP Colorado Springs LLC	16,081,760	10	0.22%
Totals	\$427,076,500		5.78%

Total Assessed Valuation

\$10,454,466,620

Source: El Paso County Assessor's Office

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the Calendar Year of the Levy

Total Collection to Date

Assessment	Collection					Collections in		Percentage of
Year	Year	Current Tax Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy	S	ubsequent Years	Amount	Levy
2022	2023	59,355,874	\$ 58,181,940	98.0%	\$	(115,637)	\$ 58,066,303	97.8%
2021	2022	\$ 57,030,746	\$ 56,133,367	98.4%	\$	(228,538)	\$ 55,904,829	98.0%
2020	2021	46,412,444	\$ 45,511,352	98.1%		(222,985)	\$ 45,288,367	97.6%
2019	2020	45,311,532	43,930,087	97.0%		20,197	\$ 43,950,284	97.0%
2018	2019	38,006,711	37,384,760	98.4%		(9,051)	\$ 37,375,709	98.3%
2017	2018	36,689,407	35,971,347	98.0%		(20,744)	\$ 35,950,604	98.0%
2016	2017	34,783,165	34,480,628	99.1%		24,214	34,504,843	99.2%
2015	2016	33,564,299	33,496,436	99.8%		(121,885)	33,374,551	99.4%
2014	2015	31,586,636	31,467,474	99.6%		(1,404)	31,466,070	99.6%
2013	2014	30,316,945	30,226,286	99.7%		(88,023)	30,138,263	99.4%
2012	2013	30,255,576	30,209,654	99.8%		(45,554)	30,164,100	99.7%

Source: El Paso Country Treasurer's Office

Collections are from January 1 to August 31. Additional taxes will be collected from September 1 to December 31

Collections in Subsequent years includes delinquent tax collections, interest, penalties and abatements

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Assessed valuation	1,314,377,980	1,288,451,900	1,080,389,290	1,049,145,210	882,952,990	840,574,750	782,172,430	751,972,470	689,724,560	664,597,320
Debt Limit	262,875,596	257,690,380	216,077,858	209,829,042	176,590,598	168,114,950	156,434,486	150,394,494	137,944,912	132,919,464
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	-	=	-	-	-	4,960,000	12,305,000	26,020,000	31,300,002
Legal debt margin	262,875,596	257,690,380	216,077,858	209,829,042	176,590,598	168,114,950	151,474,486	138,089,494	111,924,912	101,619,462
Total net debt applicable to the limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	3.17%	8.18%	18.86%	23.55%
as a percentage of debt limit										

Source: El Paso County Assessor's Office, District Financial Records

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Taxable Value and Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Ratio of General Bonded		Net Bonded
Collection	Estimated Actual		Debt to Estimated Actual		Debt per
Year	Taxable Value	General Bonded Debt	Taxable Value	Population	Capita
2023	15,072,743,985	-	0.00%	106,918	-
2022	14,404,331,585	-	0.00%	105,077	-
2021	11,994,723,269	-	0.00%	92,176	-
2020	11,572,795,889	-	0.00%	86,447	-
2019	9,389,791,154	-	0.00%	84,752	-
2018	8,727,717,738	-	0.00%	83,090	-
2017	7,652,257,611	4,960,000	0.06%	81,566	61
2016	7,318,389,792	12,305,000	0.17%	80,360	153
2015	6,594,766,136	26,020,000	0.39%	79,173	329
2014	6,321,813,966	31,300,002	0.50%	78,003	401
	Year 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	Year Taxable Value 2023 15,072,743,985 2022 14,404,331,585 2021 11,994,723,269 2020 11,572,795,889 2019 9,389,791,154 2018 8,727,717,738 2017 7,652,257,611 2016 7,318,389,792 2015 6,594,766,136	Collection Estimated Actual General Bonded Debt 2023 15,072,743,985 - 2022 14,404,331,585 - 2021 11,994,723,269 - 2020 11,572,795,889 - 2019 9,389,791,154 - 2018 8,727,717,738 - 2017 7,652,257,611 4,960,000 2016 7,318,389,792 12,305,000 2015 6,594,766,136 26,020,000	Year Taxable Value General Bonded Debt Taxable Value 2023 15,072,743,985 - 0.00% 2022 14,404,331,585 - 0.00% 2021 11,994,723,269 - 0.00% 2020 11,572,795,889 - 0.00% 2019 9,389,791,154 - 0.00% 2018 8,727,717,738 - 0.00% 2017 7,652,257,611 4,960,000 0.06% 2016 7,318,389,792 12,305,000 0.17% 2015 6,594,766,136 26,020,000 0.39%	Collection Estimated Actual Debt to Estimated Actual Population Year Taxable Value General Bonded Debt Taxable Value Population 2023 15,072,743,985 - 0.00% 106,918 2022 14,404,331,585 - 0.00% 105,077 2021 11,994,723,269 - 0.00% 92,176 2020 11,572,795,889 - 0.00% 86,447 2019 9,389,791,154 - 0.00% 84,752 2018 8,727,717,738 - 0.00% 83,090 2017 7,652,257,611 4,960,000 0.06% 81,566 2016 7,318,389,792 12,305,000 0.17% 80,360 2015 6,594,766,136 26,020,000 0.39% 79,173

Sources: El Paso County Assessor's Office and Department of Local Affairs, Demography Section,

Housing and Households

Note: The popluation number for 2011 and 2019 are estimated based on prior years growth.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to General Fund Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Ratio of Annual Debt Service
	Annual Debt Service		Expenditures for General
	Expenditures for General	Total General Fund	Bonded Debt to Total General
Fiscal Year	Bonded Debt	Expenditures	Fund Expenditures
2023	-	217,366,260	0.0%
2022	-	142,506,356	0.0%
2021	-	122,434,177	0.0%
2020	-	118,120,151	0.0%
2019	-	114,079,828	0.0%
2018	4,960,000	113,802,929	4.4%
2017	5,412,698	115,478,060	4.7%
2016	4,787,504	107,098,324	4.5%
2015	6,593,584	102,261,369	6.4%
2014	6,616,242	92,931,241	7.1%

Source: District Financial Records

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General							Percentage of		
	Obligation	Certificates of		Total Primary				Aggregate	Funded Pupil	Total Debt per
Fiscal Year	Bonds	Participation	Capital Leases	Government	Population	Per Capita	Aggregate Income	Income	Count	Pupil
2023	-	199,175,000	7,254,731	206,429,731	106,918	1,931	3,758,809,208	5.49%	24,691	8,361
2022	-	206,735,000	8,746,854	215,481,854	105,077	2,051	2,833,925,437	7.60%	23,928	9,006
2021	-	129,380,000	8,864,020	138,244,020	92,176	1,500	2,716,569,629	5.09%	23,242	5,948
2020	-	134,625,000	10,124,814	144,749,814	86,447	1,674	2,604,073,647	5.56%	23,366	6,195
2019	-	139,650,000	4,986,258	144,636,258	84,752	1,707	2,563,064,614	5.64%	22,664	6,382
2018	-	144,515,000	5,711,235	150,226,235	83,090	1,808	2,522,701,391	5.95%	22,501	6,676
2017	4,960,000	146,255,000	3,826,291	155,041,291	81,566	1,901	2,482,973,810	6.24%	21,744	7,130
2016	12,305,000	68,345,000	4,049,924	84,699,924	80,360	1,054	2,443,871,861	3.47%	21,839	3,878
2015	26,020,000	70,575,000	4,521,429	101,116,429	79,173	1,277	2,405,385,690	4.20%	20,223	5,000
2014	31,300,002	79,945,000	1,751,960	112,996,962	78,003	1,449	2,367,505,600	4.77%	18,279	6,182
2013	36,430,000	82,170,000	2,341,188	120,941,188	76,850	1,574	2,347,809,100	5.15%	14,573	8,299

Source: Department of Local Affairs, 2010 Census

Note: The popluation and aggregate income numbers for 2011 and beyond estimated based on prior years growth

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Estimation of Direct and Overlapping Debt As of June 30, 2022

			Estimated	
Direct Debt:	2023 Assessed Valuation	Entity's Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
El Paso County School District 49	1,314,377,980	Outstanding	100.00%	Over tapping Debt
El l'aso County School Bistrict 49	1,514,577,700		100.0070	
Overlapping Debt:				
Colorado			0.13%	
City Of Colorado Springs	7,504,518,700	2,821,325	13.17%	371,64
El Paso County	10,454,466,620	78,797,524	6.18%	4,867,042
Fire Districts	240 201 220		0.000/	
Black Forest	249,391,320	-	8.08%	-
Cimarron Hills	205,459,730		49.56%	-
Falcon	553,703,080	571,394	81.27%	464,38
Elbert	7,404,190	-	19.74%	-
Ellicott	42,616,140	73,598	0.24%	18
Water Districts				
Up Blk Sqrll GW	454,699,000	_	20.08%	_
1	,,,,,,,,,		20.0070	
Sanitation water districts				
Westmoor SWD	59,240	-	100.00%	-
Special Districts				
Barnes & Pow N BID	7,383,360	3,078,638	100.00%	3,078,63
Barnes & Pow S BID	3,773,800	270,000	100.00%	270,00
EPC PID #2	147,983,650	-	43.05%	-
First & Main BID	3,184,710	1,285,000	100.00%	1,285,00
First & Main BID #2	13,229,900	27,934,415	100.00%	27,934,41
First & Main North BID	3,166,420	1,501,358	100.00%	1,501,35
Stetson Hills SIMD	98,651,320	1,501,556	100.00%	1,501,55
No. 12 Division				
Metropolitan Districts	1 005 200	525,000	100.000/	525.00
4-Way Ranch #1	1,995,290	535,000	100.00%	535,00
Ban Lewis Ranch #2	23,971,730	10,465,000	100.00%	10,465,00
Ban Lewis Ranch #3	25,335,500	8,105,000	100.00%	8,105,00
Ban Lewis Ranch #4	32,775,370	12,515,000	100.00%	12,515,00
Ban Lewis Ranch #5	11,241,380	6,585,000	100.00%	6,585,00
Ban Lewis Ranch #8	3,466,190	-		
Ban Lewis Ranch Reg	93,755,420	10,745,000	100.00%	10,745,00
Bent Grass	9,148,280	6,750,000	100.00%	6,750,00
Bobcat Meadows	3,908,510		100.00%	-
Central Marksheffel	52,716,670	8,575,000	81.77%	7,011,77
Constitution Heights MD	23,030,160	12,335,000	100.00%	12,335,00
Dublin North #2	7,213,660	3,280,000	100.00%	3,280,00
Dublin North #3	2,925,600		100.00%	-
Falcon Highlands	22,881,930	5,645,000	100.00%	5,645,00
Latigo Creek	1,510,130	-,,	100.00%	-,,
Meridian Ranch	103,231,360	24,584,803	100.00%	24,584,80
Mountain Vista	12,050,010	2.,50.,003	100.00%	2 1,00 1,00
Paintbrush Hills	36,155,520		100.00%	_
Paintbrush Hills Sub A	12,289,050		100.00%	-
Sterling Ranch #1	240,960		65.41%	-
Sterling Ranch #2		35,100,000	7.79%	2,734,29
	9,561,330	33,100,000		2,734,29
Sterling Ranch #3	115,980	C40.000	49.49%	- (40.00
Stetson Ridge #2	46,595,590	640,000	100.00%	640,00
Stetson Ridge #3	16,179,150	7,395,000	100.00%	7,395,00
Woodmen Heights #2	75,148,990		77.32%	-
Woodmen Heights #3	8,846,690		81.61%	-

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages is provided by the El Paso County Assessor's office. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total Personal	Per Capital	School	Unemployment rate
Fiscal Year	Population	Income	Personal Income	Enrollment	Colorado Springs
2023	106,918	3,758,809,208	35,156	24,691	3.0%
2022	105,077	2,833,925,437	26,970	23,928	4.3%
2021	92,176	2,716,569,629	29,472	23,242	8.6%
2020	86,447	2,604,073,647	30,123	23,366	2.8%
2019	84,752	2,563,064,614	30,242	22,664	4.5%
2018	83,090	2,522,701,391	30,361	22,501	3.2%
2017	81,566	2,482,973,810	30,441	21,744	3.0%
2016	80,360	2,443,871,861	30,411	21,839	3.9%
2015	79,173	2,405,385,690	29,591	20,223	4.1%
2014	78,003	2,367,505,600	30,489	18,279	4.5%

Source: Department of Local Affairs, District records

Note: The popluation and aggregate income numbers for 2015-2020 are estimated

based on prior years growth.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Principal Employers for El Paso County Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022		<u>2013</u>
		Percentage of		Percentage of
		Total County		Total County
Employer	Rank	Employment	Rank	Employment
Fort Carson Army Post	1	13.6%	1	12.3%
Peterson Air Force Base	2	10.3%	2/4	4.9%
United States Air Force Academy	3	3.1%	3	3.4%
UC Health Memorial Health System	4	2.9%	5	2.7%
School District 11 Colorado Springs	5	2.1%	6	2.0%
School District 20 Air Academy	6	1.2%	7	-%
City of Colorado Springs ¹	7	1.2%	9	1.1%
Amazon	8	1.2%	-	1.7%
El Paso County	9	1.2%	10	1.2%
Penrose-St. Francis Health Services	10	4.0%	8	1.0%

Source: https://coloradosprings.gov/accounting/page/comprehensive-annual-financial-report-cafr pg 291 2020 is the most current CAFR available from City of Colorado Springs, the City's Fiscal Year is from January to December.

¹ City of Colorado Springs includes the total of all full-time equivalent employees (FTE's) in all funds and enterprises except Colorado Springs Utilities and Memorial Health System.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49
Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Functional Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Classroom Instruction	898	893	830	852	816	791	757	933	920	914	817
Teaching Assistants	324	278	262	278	252	192	225	300	251	209	119
General Office Support	90	90	80	82	89	78	79	102	100	113	96
Instructional Support	98	92	87	88	85	70	79	75	72	60	53
Facility Workers	53	57	58	60	78	76	49	66	69	69	64
Other Assistants	56	56	104	93	105	65	69	61	79	64	82
Man.Dir.Sup. Coor.	20	19	13	13	13	10	10	60	39	24	8
Principals/Asst/Assoc	46	47	47	49	49	44	43	53	50	64	48
Bus Drivers	59	61	62	70	70	59	64	47	49	46	47
Other Paraprofessionals	59	51	70	71	53	41	36	41	43	64	41
Special Service Providers	71	71	70	69	56	41	43	41	42	34	33
Food Services	39	36	41	63	62	18	58	35	39	46	42
Professionals Support	55	51	51	49	46	45	41	33	17	16	14
Foreman/Lead Workers	55	48	50	47	47	27	40	29	31	33	33
Coor./Supr.	16	16	14	18	16	14	12	18	13	11	8
Office Manager/Supervisor	15	6	15	11	14	14	10	18	36	31	12
Security	25	28	24	27	23	17	20	11	12	12	12
Supt/Asst Supt/BOCES Director	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	9	9	9	6
Computer Technology	7	8	7	7	7	6	6	6	4	12	5
Vehicle Drivers/Workers	6	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	3	4
Total	2,001	1,922	1,899	1,961	1,895	1,621	1,653	1,942	1,879	1,834	1,543

Source: District Financial Records

^{*2017 - 2022} Data does not contain Charter School information

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 School Building Capacity and Population Last Ten Fiscal Years

Florence Schools	2023	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	2019	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Elementary Schools Falcon (1982)											
Building Square feet	38,561	38,561	38,561	38,561	38,561	38,561	38,561	38,561	38,561	38,561	38,561
Modular Square feet	5,680	5,640	5,640	5,640	5,640	5,640	5,640	5,640	5,640	5,640	5,640
Core Capacity (building)	362	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	506	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575
Enrollment	290	264	271	299	283	328	321	319	317	324	319
Meridian Ranch (2003)											
Building Square feet	58,318	58,318	58,318	58,318	58,318	58,318	55,731	55,731	55,731	55,731	55,731
Modular Square feet	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440
Core Capacity (building)	707	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	757	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Enrollment	670	644	641	665	677	788	740	727	748	698	638
Woodmen Hills (2000)											
Building Square feet	56,100	56,100	56,100	56,100	56,100	56,100	51,603	51,603	51,603	51,603	51,603
Modular Square feet	11,093	11,093	11,093	11,093	11,093	11,039	11,039	11,039	11,039	11,039	11,039
Core Capacity (building)	589	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	689	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900
Enrollment	632	571	564	597	615	799	803	738	744	743	729
Evans (1976) Building Square feet	53,148	53,148	53,148	53,148	53,148	53,148	53,101	53,101	53,101	53,101	53,101
	9,856	11,296	11,296	11,296		11,296	11,296	11,296	11,296	11,296	11,296
Modular Square feet Core Capacity (building)	9,836 425	11,296 550	550	550	11,296 550	550	550	550	550	550	550
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	625	850	850	850	850	850	850	850	850	850	850
Enrollment	507	499	602	653	621	670	721	684	678	666	722
Remington (1997)	307	722	002	055	021	070	/21	004	078	000	
Building Square feet	51,311	51,311	51,311	51,311	51,311	51,311	49,784	49,784	49,784	49,784	49,784
Modular Square feet	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880
Core Capacity (building)	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	660	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Enrollment	554	598	603	638	654	611	561	580	565	571	560
Springs Ranch (2002)											
Building Square feet	55,295	55,295	55,295	55,295	55,295	55,295	56,914	56,914	56,914	56,914	56,914
Modular Square feet	1,440	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880
Core Capacity (building)	660	700	700	700	700	650	650	650	650	650	650
Total Capacity (w/modular)	660	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
Enrollment	576	569	545	565	579	553	591	573	592	654	666
Ridgeview (2002)	57.262	57.262	57.262	57.262	57.262	57.262	57.262	57,362	57.262	57.262	57.262
Building Square feet Modular Square feet	57,362 5,760	5,760	57,362 5,760	57,362 5,760	57,362 5,760						
Core Capacity (building)	5,760	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	644	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Enrollment	600	529	605	654	684	949	802	760	916	720	692
Stetson Elementary (1987)	000	32)	003	034	004	747	002	700	710	720	0,72
Building Square feet	48,963	48,963	48,963	48,963	48,965	48,965	50,223	50,223	50,223	50,223	50,223
Modular Square feet	10,680	12,120	12,120	12,120	12,120	12,120	12,120	12,120	12,120	12,120	12,120
Core Capacity (building)	440	575	575	575	575	575	525	525	525	525	525
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	590	925	925	925	925	925	875	875	875	875	875
Enrollment	498	414	451	505	521	557	527	568	619	613	625
Odyssey Elementary/ALLIES (2006)											
Building Square feet	60,174	60,174	60,174	60,174	60,174	48,965	44,505	44,505	44,505	44,505	44,505
Modular Square feet	-	-	-	-	-	12,120	5,760	5,760	5,760	5,760	5,760
Core Capacity (building)	625	625	625	625	625	575	450	450	450	450	450
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	625	625	625	625	625	925	650	650	650	650	650
Enrollment	537	502	521	571	576	561	538	550	579	572	571
Bennett Ranch Elementary (2019)	122 410	(2.700	(2.700	(2.700	62.700						
Building Square feet	122,418	63,780	63,780	63,780	63,780	-	-	-	-	-	-
Modular Square feet	1.022	660	660	660	660	-	-	-	-	-	-
Core Capacity (building)						-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	1,022 380	660 350	660 326	660 339	660 357	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enrollment Inspiration View Elementary (2020)	380	350	326	559	35 /	-	-	-	-	-	
Building Square feet	70,554	70,554	70,554	70,554	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Modular Square feet	- 10,554	70,554		70,554	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Core Capacity (building)	580	720	720	720	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	580	720	720	720	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	518	519	409	368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		/	/								

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 School Building Capacity and Population Last Ten Fiscal Years

Pales Pale		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Ballice Square feet				<u> </u>	· <u></u>	<u> </u>						
Montany Square Feet S,640												
Control Copesity (subliming) S31 900 900 900 900 800		.,			-,		- ,	. ,	. ,			. ,
Teach part Perform												
Performe												
Belinding Square feet												
Building Square feat 67,20 67,200 67,200 67,200 67,200 67,200 67,200 68,30		002	922	919	1,021	1,021	963	970	907	934	902	916
Mondair Square Reet		67 230	67 230	67.230	67 230	67 230	67 230	66 380	66 380	66 380	66 380	66 380
Concession Con												
Transfer 1,225												
Section Sect				1,225	1,225	1,225	1,175		1,175	800	800	800
Modeliar Square feet 18,895 18,895 128,951 12		820	706	748	769	769	746	709	650	626	610	623
Modular Square feet												
Concestanty (publishing)												
Total Capacity (winoshilany) 1,172 1,350												
Part												
Palading Square feet		881	1,003	989	1,057	1,058	1,109	1,057	1,127	1,144	1,022	1,028
Bulling Square feet 192,298 192,298 192,298 192,298 192,298 192,298 196,352 17												
Modular Square Feet 1,200		102 208	102 208	102 208	102 208	102 208	102 208	176 252	176 252	176 252	176 252	176 252
Concespointy (buildings) 1,356 1,200 1		192,290	192,290	192,296	192,290	192,290	192,296	170,552	170,332	170,552	170,552	170,332
Total Capacity (windulars) 1,366 1,204 1,205 1,206		1.356	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200
Part												
Sample S												
Modular Square feet 7,200 7,200 7,200 7,200 7,200 7,200 8,640 8,640 8,640 8,640 1,650 1,600 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,200	Sand Creek High (1997)				,							
Concession Con	Building Square feet			208,776	208,776			189,866	189,866	189,866		189,866
Transmistry (windulars) 1,280 1,850 1,850 1,850 1,850 1,850 1,850 1,900 1,												
Part												
Visit Ridge High (2008)												
Part		1,358	1,119	1,127	1,128	1,133	1,205	1,247	1,274	1,245	1,238	1,184
Modular Square Feet Format		212.717	170.976	170.076	170.976	170.076	166 617	166 617	166 617	166 617	166 617	166 617
Corc Capacity (building)		212,/1/	1/9,8/6	1/9,8/6	1/9,8/0	1/9,8/0	100,01/	100,017	100,01/	100,017	100,017	100,017
Transparity (windulars) 1,504 1,200 1,		1.504	1 200	1 200	1 200	1 200	1 200	1 200	1 200	1 200	1 200	1 200
Description												
Springs Studio for Academic Excellence (2012) Springs Studio for Academic Excellence (2012) Building Square feet												
Building Square feet 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 20,00		, ,			,,,,,	7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			-		-
Total Capacity S48 600 400 600 400 600 400 600 400 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600	Springs Studio for Academic Excellence (2012)											
Partior High School (1952) Partior High School (1952) Building Square feet (1918) Central Office (1981) Building Square feet (1918) Building Squ												
Patriot High School (1952) Building Square feet (plus butler & art) 36,750 41,929 4												
Building Square feet (plus butler & art) 36,750 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 41,929 Modular Square feet (plus butler & art) 17,777 4,812 4,812 4,812 4,812 6,330 6,330 4,812 10,57		439	425	472	402	402	485	489	521	515	966	421
Modular Square feet 17,070 4,812 4,812 4,812 6,330 6,330 4,812 10,572		24.000	44.000	44.000	44.000			44.000		44.000	44.000	
Core Capacity (building)												
Total Capacity (w/modulars) 525 525 525 525 525 525 525 325												
Processing September												
Administration Buildings Central Office (1981) Suiting Square feet 6,134 6,1												
Certal Office (1981) Building Square feet 6,134							101	120	201	250	2.7	
Building Square feet 6,134 </td <td></td>												
Transportation/Nutrition Services (2002) Building Square feet 25,800		6,134	6,134	6,134	6,134	6,134	6,134	6,134	6,134	6,134	6,134	6,134
Building Square feet 25,800	Modular Square feet	5,904	5,904	5,904	5,904	6,396	7,212	7,212	7,212	7,212	7,884	8,076
Modular Square feet 1,440 <td>Transportation/Nutrition Services (2002)</td> <td></td>	Transportation/Nutrition Services (2002)											
Mohawk Building (2001) Building Square feet (plus butler & art) 7,060 7,000												
Building Square feet (plus butler & art) 7,060 7,000 7		1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440
Core Capacity (building) 225 225 225 225 225 225 225 225 225 22		= 0	# oo-	= 000	# oo-	= 00-	= 000	# 00C	= 000	# ooc	= 000	= 00-
Total Capacity 225 225 225 225 225 225 225 225 225 22												
Creekside Success Center* (2015)												
		225	225	225	225	225	225	225	225	225	225	225
Dutter Order 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 20		35 806	35.806	35 806	35.806	35.806	35.806	35 806	35.806			
	Sanding Equate rect	33,000	55,000	55,000	33,000	33,000	22,000	55,000	55,000			

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 School Building Capacity and Population Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Chartered Schools											
Pikes Peak School of Expeditionary Learning (2008)											
Building Square feet	28,967	28,967	28,967	28,967	28,967	28,967	28,967	28,967	28,967	28,967	28,967
Core Capacity (building)	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475
Total Capacity	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475
Enrollment	393	391	431	407	415	413	415	439	408	384	397
Banning Lewis Ranch Academy (2008)											
Building Square feet	161,000	161,000	161,000	161,000	161,000	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000
Modular Square feet	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440
Core Capacity (building)	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	675	675	675	675	675	675
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	1,425	1,425	1,425	1,425	1,425	725	725	725	725	725	725
Enrollment	1,623	1,673	1,469	1,435	1,376	1,248	809	752	749	750	737
Grand Peak Academy (2010)	1,023	1,075	1,107	1,133	1,570	1,210	00)	752	7.0	750	757
Building Square feet	65,000	65,000	65,000	65,000	65,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000
Modular Square feet	-	-	-	-	-	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	-	-
Core Capacity (building)	1,000	1,000	1,000	1.000	1,000	800	800	800	800	800	800
Total Capacity (w/modulars)	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	850	850	850	850	800	800
Enrollment	672	618	727	760	705	747	796	773	743	831	858
Rocky Mountain Classical Academy (2015)	072	010	121	700	703	/4/	790	113	/43	031	656
Building Square feet	104,686	104,686	104,686	104,686	93,000	93,000	93,000	93,000	35,000	35,000	35,000
Core Capacity (building)	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	475	475	475
Total Capacity	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1.075	1.075	1.075
Enrollment	1,124	1,304	1,584	1,617	1,632	1,613	1,612	1,467	1,300	746	675
GOAL Academy**	1,124	1,304	1,384	1,01/	1,032	1,013	1,012	1,467	1,300	/40	6/3
Building Square feet	185,278	185,278	185,278	185,278	185,278	185,278	185,278	185,278			
Capacity (students)	185,278 N/A	185,278 N/A	N/A	N/A	185,278 N/A	185,278 N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-
									2.250	2 1 40	-
Enrollment C P C P C P C P C P C P C P C P C P C	6,108	5,318	5,305	4,965	4,140	3,811	3,755	4,070	3,259	3,149	
Power Technical Early College (2016)	2.12.0	2125	2125	24.250			,				
Building Square feet	34,250	34,250	34,250	34,250	34,250	n/a	n/a	-	-	-	-
Total Capacity	400	400	400	400	400	n/a	n/a	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	377	340	325	317	267	240	160		-	-	
Liberty Tree Acadmey (2020)											
Building Square feet	39,376	39,376	39,376	39,376	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capacity	525	525	525	525		-	-	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	589	646	577	501	317	-	-	-	-	-	
Mountain View Academy											
Building Square feet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capacity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	358	353	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PioneerTechnology & Arts Academy											
Building Square feet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capacity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	490	219	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Student Population	24,405	23,451	23,229	23,167	21,743	21,310	20,420	20,355	19,552	18,880	15,093

GOAL Academy is primarily an online school. With various small satellite sites for students to visit for additional learning. These sites change periodically based on need. Prior years were not available.

^{*}The Creekside building was built in 2015
** GOAL Academy joined the district in 2013/2014 school year. Their enrollment prior to joining the district is not included.

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49

Capital Assets by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Instruction	274,258,396	274,258,396	266,882,358	261,764,551	238,067,914	194,276,634	213,368,856	211,624,573	210,439,589	206,271,659
General Administration	8,440,501	8,357,466	8,357,466	8,357,466	8,357,466	8,357,466	14,679,803	12,593,392	12,313,675	8,622,325
Operation and Maintenance	8,420,434	6,432,175	5,879,468	893,143	684,818	684,818	557,283	464,480	326,569	276,762
Student Transportation	11,950,369	11,950,369	10,819,289	10,515,844	8,918,028	8,168,967	9,433,502	8,773,770	8,249,302	7,694,696
Technology	830,642	815,742	765,577	98,416	98,416	98,416	1,916,705	1,916,705	1,916,705	1,916,705
Business	38,942	38,942	38,942	38,942	38,942	38,942	45,229	45,229	45,229	45,229
Business-type Activities										
Food Service	525,143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,101,957
Total	304,464,427	301,853,090	292,743,100	281,668,363	256,165,584	211,625,243	240,001,378	235,418,150	233,291,069	225,929,333

Source: District Financial Records

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

D. G.	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Primary Government Expenses	\$ 233,582,154	3 237,209,629	\$ 204,245,555	\$218,593,899	\$ 184,816,071	\$ 239,143,234	\$ 212,866,460	\$ 140,398,047	\$ 132,358,799	\$ 115,174,821	\$ 108,441,190
Enrollment, Oct 1 count	25,800	23,451	23,229	23,167	21,743	21,310	20,420	20,355	19,552	18,880	15,093
Funded Pupil Count (FPC)	24,691.0	23,298.1	23,315.7	23,366.0	22,664.1	22,501.0	21,744.0	21,839.3	20,222.5	18,279.3	14,572.9
Cost per FPC Per Pupil Funding After Negative Factor	\$ 9,460.21 9,164.66	10,181.50 8,601.97	8,760.00 \$ 7,776.75	9,355.21 \$ 8,115.98	8,154.57 \$ 7,746.06	10,628.12 \$ 7,051.42	9,789.66 \$ 7,075.60	6,428.69 \$ 6,977.57	6,545.13 \$ 6,688.52	6,300.83 \$ 6,303.45	7,441.29 \$ 6,139.43
Students Qualified for Federal Assistance:											
Free Lunch Program Reduced Lunch Program	6,926 1,708	5,450 1,266	6,145 1,488	3,800 998	3,592 963	3,327 950	3,445 951	5,560 1,556	4,961 1,345	4,267 1,404	2,316 959
SAT/ACT Average Composite score*											
Springs Studio for Academic Excellence**	940	978	1002								
Falcon HS Sand Creek HS	957 931	951 939	1017 999								
Vista Ridge HS	944	951	989								
Patriot High School***	788	823	n/a								
Goal Academy	816	823	899	824	824	831	828	15.4	16.1	16.3	-
Colorado Average	990	986	1011	1001	1001	976	1014	20.4	20.1	20.3	20.1
Graduation Rates											
Springs Studio for Academic Excellence**	98.4%	96.6%	88.7%	90.4%	90.4%	78.4%	88.1%	94.0%	93.8%	94.5%	92.3%
Falcon High School	89.1%	92.1%	91.8%								
Goal Academy	36.6%	38.0%	32.4%				40.5%	47.1%	46.7%	51.1%	-
Power Tech Early College	87.5%	91.7%	100.0%								
Patriot High School***	46.2%	52.9%	51.2%							74.5%	64.1%
Pikes Peak Early College	28.9%	100.0%	35.0%					44.4%	-	-	-
Rocky Mountain Classical Academy	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%					-	- 02.50/	-	-
Sand Creek High School	90.0%	89.1%	88.3%								
Vista Ridge High School	88.7%	95.5% 95.70/	90.9%								
CO state	82.3%	85.7%	81.9%	81.1%	81.1%	80.7%	79.0%	79.8%	77.3%	77.3%	76.9%
Dropout Rate	9.0%	8.8%	9.6%	7.5%	7.5%	6.9%	9.4%	8.1%	5.9%	4.6%	6.0%

Sources: Colorado Department of Education

Notes: The addition of GOAL Academy affects many district statistics. When possible statistics are broken out by school.

GOAL Academy is an Alternative Education Campus (AEC). Over 95% of the students serviced at AEC schools are considered at high risk of dropping out.

^{*2016} and Prior - ACT was used

^{**2016} and Prior Springs Studio for Academic Excellence was Falcon Virtual Academy

^{***2016} and Prior Patriot High School was Patriot Leaning Center

COMPLIANCE SECTION

SINGLE AUDIT

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Additional Award Identification	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster					
Passed Through Colorado Department of Education School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Passed Through Colorado Department of Human Services	10.553 10.555		5553 4555, 6555	\$ -	\$ 284,238 2,608,401
National School Lunch Program	10.555		4555		598,091
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					3,490,730
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					3,490,730
U.S. Department of Defense Direct Programs					
Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) Promoting K-12 Student Achievement at Military- Connected Schools	12.Unknown 12.556				203,008 468,272
Total Department of Defense	12.330				671,280
U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs					
Impact Aid	84.041				604,892
Passed Through Colorado Department of Education Special Education Cluster					
Special Education: Grants to States IDEA Part B	84.027		4027		4,229,436
Special Education: Preschool Grants	84.173		4173		42,172
Total SPED Cluster Every Child Succeeds Act, Title I, Part A	84.010		4010, 5010		4,271,608 2,415,492
Charter Schools	84.282		5282		343,300
English Language Learners, Title III, Part A Quality Teacher, Title II, Part A	84.365 84.367		4365 4367		126,689 421,592
Quanty reacher, Title II, Part A	04.307		4421,4422,4423,4424,		421,372
Every Student Succeeds Act, Title IV, Part A Education Stabilization Fund ESSER III	84.424A		4426, 4427,4428		166,443
ESSER III	84.425U	COVID-19	4414, 9414, 4438, 4450		7,827,107
ESSER II	84.425D	COVID-19	4419, 4420, 4437		1,472,759
Passed through Colorado Community College System Vocational Education - Carl Perkins	84.048		4048		103,658
Total U.S. Department of Education				-	17,753,540
Total Federal Awards				\$ -	\$ 21,915,550

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of El Paso County Colorado School District 49 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles,* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of El Paso County Colorado School District 49, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of El Paso County Colorado School District 49.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. ROTC does not have a ALN number, so the Federal ALN number on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards identifies the Department followed by "Unknown".

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

El Paso County Colorado School District 49 has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 – NON-CASH ASSISTANCE

During the year end June 30, 2023, El Paso County Colorado School District 49 received \$598,091 in non-cash assistance in the form of food commodities. Valuation of commodities is based on fair market value at the time of receipt.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education El Paso County Colorado School District 49

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of El Paso County Colorado School District 49, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise El Paso County Colorado School District 49's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2024. The financial statements of the discretely presented component units were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with those component units.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered El Paso County Colorado School District 49's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of El Paso County Colorado School District 49's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of El Paso County Colorado School District 49's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether El Paso County Colorado School District 49's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Colorado Springs, Colorado February 14, 2024

oelting & Company Me.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education El Paso County Colorado School District 49

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited El Paso County Colorado School District 49's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of El Paso County Colorado School District 49's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. El Paso County Colorado School District 49's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, El Paso County Colorado School District 49 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of El Paso County Colorado School District 49 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of El Paso County Colorado School District 49's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to El Paso County Colorado School District 49's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on El Paso County Colorado School District 49's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about El Paso County Colorado School District 49's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding El Paso County Colorado School District 49's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of El Paso County Colorado School District 49's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of El Paso County Colorado School District 49's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

selting & Company me.

Colorado Springs, Colorado February 14, 2024

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section I—Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>x</u> no
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes _x none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes _x no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs?	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>x</u> no
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes _x none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes <u>x</u> no
Identification of major programs:	
ALN Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
ALN 84.367 ALN 84.027 & 84.173 ALN 84.425D & U	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Education Stabilization Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs?	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes x no

EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT 49 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section II—Financial Statement Findings

No findings reported.

Section III—Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

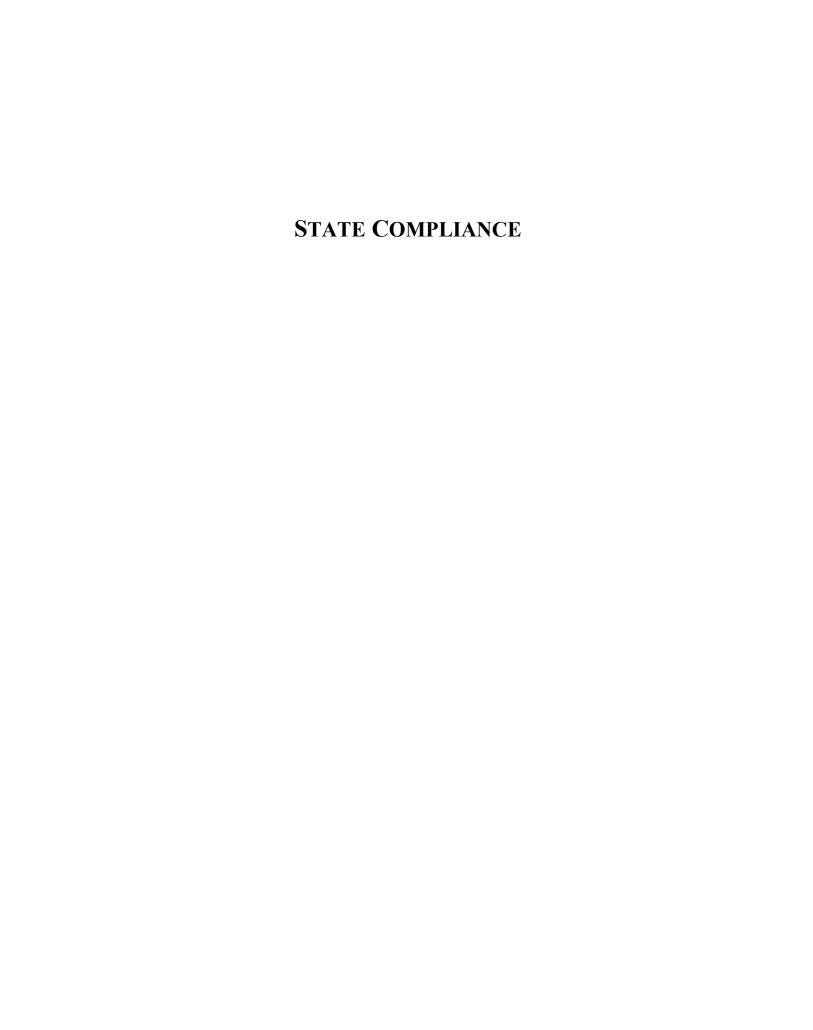
No findings reported.



SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings (the Summary) summarizes the status of the audit findings reported in the El Paso County Colorado School District 49 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2022. If the prior audit finding was fully addressed, the Summary indicates that the corrective action described in the prior audit report was taken or that corrective action is no longer needed. Otherwise, the Summary references the page number of the June 30, 2023 single audit report where a repeat recommendation, description of the planned corrective action, or reason for not implementing the recommendation is presented.

There were no prior year audit findings.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT/BOCES AUDITOR'S INTEGRITY REPORT

To the Board of Education El Paso County Colorado School District 49

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the El Paso County Colorado School District 49, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the El Paso County Colorado School District 49's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. Our report thereon, dated February 14, 2024, expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the El Paso County Colorado School District 49's basic financial statements. The accompanying Colorado School District/BOCES, Auditor's Integrity Report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Colorado School District/BOCES, Auditor's Integrity Report is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Hoelting & Company ne.

Colorado Springs, Colorado
February 14, 2024

CO

Colorado Department of Education

Auditors Integrity Report

District: 1110 - District 49
Fiscal Year 2022-23
Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type 8	&Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Governm	nental	+		-	=
10 Genera	al Fund	31,568,847	156,250,758	156,010,689	31,808,916
18 Risk M	lgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	686,636	2,180,086	2,014,881	851,841
19 Colora	ndo Preschool Program Fund	246,712	568,210	570,887	244,035
Sub- Tota	al	32,502,196	158,999,054	158,596,457	32,904,792
11 Charte	er School Fund	49,642,453	125,597,858	119,018,502	56,221,809
20,26-29 Spec	cial Revenue Fund	8,125,050	15,471,687	19,426,310	4,170,428
06 Supple	emental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	(
07 Total P	Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	(
21 Food S	Service Spec Revenue Fund	3,231,831	5,769,994	5,744,520	3,257,305
22 Govt D	Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	20,403,120	20,403,120	(
23 Pupil A	Activity Special Revenue Fund	611,654	1,473,952	1,344,332	741,274
25 Transp	portation Fund	0	1,973,170	1,973,170	
31 Bond R	Redemption Fund	0	0	0	(
39 Certific	cate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	16,240,365	18,958,678	16,607,988	18,591,05
41 Buildin	ng Fund	93,345,297	3,572,362	23,150,763	73,766,896
42 Special	l Building Fund	0	0	0	(
43 Capital	l Reserve Capital Projects Fund	3,293,797	2,059,994	677,501	4,676,29
46 Supple	emental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	
Totals		206,992,642	354,279,870	366,942,662	194,329,85
	Proprietary				
50 Other l	Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	(
64 (63) Risk-l	Related Activity Fund	238,977	3,199,762	2,120,445	1,318,29
60,65-69 Oth	er Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	(
Totals		238,977	3,199,762	2,120,445	1,318,294
	Fiduciary				
70 Other	Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	(
72 Private	Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	(
73 Agency	y Fund	0	0	0	(
74 Pupil A	Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	(
79 GASB 3	34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	(
85 Founda	ations	0	0	0	(
Totals		0	0	0	

FINAL

